The Newport Mercury.

VOL. LXXXVIII} NEWPORT, R. I., SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 21, 1849. {NO. 4,552.

THE MERCURY

Is published every Saturday morning, by

J. H. BARBER & SON,

At No. 123 Thames Street.

(Opposite the Newport Female Seminary.)

TERMS—Two Dollars per annum, or $1 75 if payment is made *strictly in ADVANCE.*

☞ Advertisements not exceeding a square inserted three weeks for $1, and 17 cents will be charged for each subsequent insertion,—with a large deduction to those advertising by the year.

No paper discontinued (unless at the discretion of the Proprietors) until arrearages are paid.

Weekly Almanac.

JULY, 1849.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon acts	High water
21 Saturday,	4 42	7 18	8 36	9 42
22 Sunday,	4 43	7 17	9 14	10 33
23 Monday,	4 44	7 16	9 48	11 33
24 Tuesday,	4 44	7 16	10 19	morn,
25 Wednesday,	4 45	7 15	10 50	0 7
26 Thursday,	4 46	7 14	11 21	0 51
27 Friday,	4 47	7 13	11 54	1 36

First Quart 20th day, 7hour, 45m Even.

UMBRELLAS

AND

PARASOLS,

MANUFACTURED BY STEAM AT THE

AMERICAN MANUFACTORY

257 Pearl street,

(Sign of the Three Golden Umbrellas.)

Merchants in want of an assortment of Umbrellas and Parasols, are advised to pay

NO SECOND PROFITS,

but to call at once on the Manufacturers, who are making 1500 *Daily.*

by the introduction of Steam and New Patent Machinery, and are enabled to produce the best and most elegant styles of goods, and to sell them at a rate, with which they may

DEFY COMPETITION.

ISAAC SMITH & CO.

MANUFACTURERS,

NEW YORK.

P. S.—We have a branch of our House established in Boston, Mass., at No. 4 Sewall Block, Milk street, where we shall be happy to see our Eastern friends. I. S. & Co.

June 30.

UNITED STATES

WHOLESALE CLOTHING

Warehouse.

LEWIS & HANFORD,

☞ Nos. 252, 254, 256 & 258 Pearl street. ☜

(Between Fulton st, & Burling Slip,)

NEW YORK,

HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHING

IN THE UNITED STATES,

ADAPTED TO ALL MARKETS!!

—in the article of—

Shirts and Drawers,

We keep an endless variety,

—ALSO, THE MOST EXTENSIVE MANUFACTURERS OF—

OIL CLOTHING

—AND—

COVERED HATS

In the world.

Plain and Fashionable Clothing,

OF ALL KINDS.

Catalogues of stock sent by mail. Orders promptly filled. LEWIS & HANFORD.

Nos. 252, 254, 256, and 258 Pearl st., N. Y.

At a Court of Probate of Newport, July 2, 1849.

AN instrument in writing dated 21st of April, 1845, purporting to be the last will and testament of

NANCY WILBUR,

late of Newport, single woman, dec. was presented by Edwin Wilbur, sole Executor therein named for Probate, and for letters testamentary to issue thereon,

The same is read, received and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in Newport, on the first Monday in August next, the 6th day of said month, at 9 o'clock, a. m., and notice is ordered to be given thereof by advertisement for 3 successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Newport, holden July 2, 1849.

WILLIAM BATEMAN, surviving executor named in the will of

BENJAMIN FAIRBANKS,

late of Newport, deceased, having declined the trust, application is made for Peter P. Remington or some other suitable person to be appointed administrator with the will annexed on the estate of said Benjamin Fairbanks,

The same is read, received and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in Newport on the first Monday of August next, the 6th day of said month, at 9 o'clock, A. M., and notice is ordered to be given thereof for three successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place, if they see fit and be heard. B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*

Guardian's Notice.

THE subscriber having been by the Hon. Court of Probate of Middletown, appointed Guardian of the persons and estates of George W. Smith, and Irena Smith, minors, children of George Smith, late of said Middletown, dec., and having qualified herself according to law, hereby gives notice to the creditors of her said wards, to exhibit their claims to her within six months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to said minors to pay the same to her immediately.

HANNAH SMITH, *Guardian.*

Middletown, June 18, 1849.

DR. LE DOYENS DISINFECTING FLUID, the most powerful purifying preparation ever discovered. For sale at

June 16.] R. J. TAYLOR'S.

[*BY AUTHORITY.*]

Laws of the United States,

PASSED AT THE SECOND SESSION OF THE THIRTIETH CONGRESS.

[Public—No. 60.]

AN ACT to provide for the payment of horses and other property lost or destroyed in the military service of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That any field, or staff, or other officer, mounted militiaman, volunteer, ranger, or cavalry, engaged in the military service of the United States since the eighteenth of June, eighteen hundred and twelve, or who shall hereafter be in said service, and has sustained, or shall sustain, damage without any fault or negligence on his part, while in said service, by the loss of a horse in battle, or by the loss of a horse wounded in battle, and which has died or shall die of said wound, or being so wounded, shall be abandoned by order of his officer and lost, or shall sustain damage by the loss of any horse by death or abandonment because of the unavoidable dangers of the sea when on board an United States transport vessel, or because the United States failed to supply transportation for the horse, and the owner was compelled by the order of his commanding officer to embark and leave him, or in consequence of the United States failing to supply sufficient forage, or because the rider was dismounted and separated from his horse and ordered to do duty on foot at a station detached from his horse, or when the officers of the immediate command ordered or shall order the horse turned out to graze in the woods, prairies, or commons, because the United States failed, or shall fail, to supply sufficient forage, and the loss was or shall be consequent thereof, or for the loss of necessary equipage, in consequence of the loss of his horse, as aforesaid, shall be allowed and paid the value thereof, not to exceed two hundred dollars: *Provided*, That if any payment has been, or shall be, made to any one aforesaid, for the use and risk, or for forage after the death, loss, or abandonment of his horse, said payment shall be deducted from the value thereof, unless he satisfied, or shall satisfy, the paymaster at the time he made or shall make the payment, or thereafter show, by proof, that he was remounted, in which case the deduction shall only extend to the time he was on foot: *And provided, also*, If any payment shall have been, or shall hereafter be, made to any person above mentioned, on account of clothing to which he was not entitled by law, such payment shall be deducted from the value of his horse or accoutrements.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That any person who has sustained, or shall sustain, damage by the capture or destruction by an enemy, or by the abandonment or destruction by the order of the commanding general, the commanding officer or quartermaster of any horse, mule, ox, wagon, cart, boat, sleigh, or harness, while such property was in the military service of the United States, either by impressment or contract, except in cases where the risk to which the property would be exposed was agreed to be incurred by the owner; and any person who has sustained, or shall sustain, damage by the death or abandonment and loss of any such horse, mule or ox, while in the service aforesaid, in consequence of the failure on the part of the United States to furnish the same with sufficient forage, and any person who has lost, or shall lose, or has had, or shall have, destroyed by unavoidable accident, any horse, mule, ox, wagon, cart, boat, sleigh or harness, while such property was in the service aforesaid, shall be allowed and paid the value thereof at the time he entered the service: *Provided*, It shall appear that such loss, capture, abandonment, destruction or death, was without any fault or negligence on the part of the owner of the property, and while it was actually employed in the service of the United States.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the claims provided for under this act shall be adjusted by the Third Auditor, under such rules as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of War, under the direction or with the assent of the President of the United States, as well in regard to the receipt of application of claimants as the species and degree of evidence, the manner in which such evidence shall be taken and authenticated, which rules shall be such as in the opinion of the President shall be best calculated to obtain the object of this act, paying a due regard as well to the claims of individuals justice as to the interest of the United States; which rules and regulations shall be published for four weeks in such newspaper, in which the laws of the United States are published, as the Secretary of War shall direct.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That in all adjudications of said Auditor upon the claims above mentioned, whether such judgment be in favor of or adverse to the claims, shall be entered in a book provided by him for that purpose, and under his direction; and when such judgment shall be in favor of such claims, the claimant or his legal representative shall be entitled to the amount thereof, upon the production of a copy thereof, certified by said Auditor, at the treasury of the United States.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That in all instances where any minor has been, or shall be, engaged in the military service of the United States, and was, or shall be, provided with a horse or equipments, or with military accoutrement by his parent or guardian, and has died, or shall die, without paying for said property, and the same has been, or shall be lost, captured, destroyed or abandoned in the manner before mentioned, said parent or guardian shall be allowed pay therefor, on making satisfactory proof, as in other cases, and the further proof that he is entitled thereto by having furnished the same.

Sec 6. *And be it further enacted*, That in all instances where any persons other than a minor has been, or shall be, engaged in the military service aforesaid, and has been, or shall be, provided with a horse or equipment, or with military accoutrements by any person, the owner thereof, who has risqued, or shall take the risque of such horse, equipment, or military accoutrements on himself, and the same has been, or shall be lost, captured, destroyed, or abandoned in the manner before mentioned, such owner shall be allowed pay therefor, on making satisfactory proof, as in other cases, and the further proof that he is entitled thereto, by having furnished the same, and having taken the risque on himself.

Sec. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That in all cases where horses have been condemned by a board of officers, on account of their unfitness for service in consequence of the government failing to supply forage, all such horses and their equipage shall be allowed and paid for, whenever the facts shall be proven, by legal and satisfactory evidence, whether oral or written, that such condemned horse and the equipage was turned over to a quartermaster of the army, whether any receipt therefor was given and produced or not.

ROBT. C. WINTHROP,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
G. M. DALLAS,
Vice President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

Approved March 3, 1849.

JAMES K. POLK.

[Resolution—Public—No. 6.]

A RESOLUTION authorizing the Secretary of War to furnish arms and ammunition to persons emigrating to the Territories of Oregon, California and New Mexico.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized, at his discretion, and having due regard to the necessities of the public service, to furnish such persons as may apply for the same, and who design to emigrate to the territories either of Oregon, California or New Mexico, such arms and ammunition, from the army stores, as they may require to arm themselves for such expedition: *Provided*, That the arms and ammunition so furnished shall not exceed a supply sufficient to arm and equip each person of such expedition: *And provided further*, That before the same are delivered, the actual cost to the government of such arm and ammunition shall first be paid to the United States; and that the Secretary of War shall be satisfied that the persons so applying really and bona fide design them for the use aforesaid.

Approved, March 2, 1849.

[Resolution—Public—No. 7.]

JOINT RESOLUTION relative to evidence in applications for pensions by widows of deceased soldiers under the act of July twenty-first, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in all applications for pensions by widows of deceased soldiers, under the act of July twenty-first, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, the returns on the rolls of the disease of which the soldier died, and the official opinion of the Surgeon General founded thereon, that from the nature of the disease it was contracted while the soldier was in the line of his duty, shall be considered satisfactory evidence thereof without the proof now required at the Pension office, and that it shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Pensions, in all cases of application for pensions under said act, to apply to the proper officers for said evidence, without requiring the applicant to furnish the same.

Approved March 3, 1849.

[Resolution—Public—No. 8.]

JOINT RESOLUTION granting to the Secretary of the Treasury further time to make the report concerning the sale and entry of certain lands in Cincinnati.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury have until the next session of Congress to make the report required of him by the joint resolution to prohibit the sale at private entry of certain lands in Cincinnati, Ohio, approved March third, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven.

Approved, March 3, 1849.

[Resolution—Public—No. 9.]

JOINT RESOLUTION authorizing the Secretary of the Senate and Clerk of the House of Representatives to subscribe for a thousand copies of a further publication of the debates and proceedings of Congress, for certain purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives are hereby authorized to subscribe, under the direction of the Joint Library Committee, on behalf of Congress, for one thousand copies of the debates and proceedings of Congress, from the termination of the first Congress, where the present publication stops, until the end of the fourth Congress, the same having been compiled and ready for the press; and that the Joint Library Committee be directed to examine any further compilation of such debates and proceedings from the end of the fourth Congress until the commencement of the Register or Debates, already published, from eighteen hundred and twenty-four; and that such committee report, from time to time, upon the propriety of subscribing for such continuation; and that one copy of such debates and proceedings be furnished each member of the present Congress, and the residue be deposited in the library of Congress, subject to the further order of Congress.

Approved March 3, 1849.

[Resolution—Public,—No. 10.]

JOINT RESOLUTION for the relief of pursers in the navy, as to expenditure made in pursuance of orders during the war with Mexico, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the treasury are authorized and directed to credit pursers of the navy with payments made by them for carrying on hostilities against Mexico, during the late war with that republic, whether the expenditures were made on land or water: *Provided*, The said payment shall have been made under orders of the naval officers in command, and approved by the Secretary of the Navy: *And provided*, That satisfactory vouchers are produced to establish such payments.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That every disbursement of public moneys, or disposal of public stores, made by order of any commanding officer of the navy, which shall be objected to by the accounting officers of the treasury in the settlement of the accounts of any disbursing officers, shall, nevertheless, be allowed to such disbursing officer, and the commanding officer, by whose order such disbursement or disposal was made, shall be held accountable for the same: *Provided*, That satisfactory evidence of such order, and of the payment of public moneys or disposal of public stores under the same, shall be produced.

Approved March 3, 1849.

[Resolution—Public—No. 11.]

A RESOLUTION to fix the meaning of the second section of an act for changing the location of the land office in the Chippewa land district, and establishing an additional land district in the State of Wisconsin.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the word "territory," in the second section of the act entitled "An act for changing the location of the land office in the Chippewa land district, and establishing an additional land district in the State of Wisconsin," approved at the present session of Congress, be construed to be and mean "State."

Approved March 3, 1849.

[Resolution—Public—No. 12.]

JOINT RESOLUTION for the purchase of copies of the General Navy Register and Laws.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be instructed to purchase and pay, out of the contingent fund of his department, for a sufficient number of copies of Mechlin and Winder's General Navy Register and Laws, to supply one copy to each commissioned officer now in the naval service; and that the work be distributed to such officers: *Provided, however*, That the cost shall not exceed three dollars per copy.

Approved March 3, 1849.

SELECTED TALE.

The Suspicious Man.

A TALE WITH A MORAL.

In a recent number of an English Magazine, we find the following excellent sketch, written by Alfred Crowquill. Our limits will not permit us to give the long and less interesting introduction; but will simply say, that a moderately wealthy but very happy and contented country gentleman has gathered his family and friends around a bright and ruddy fire on Christmas eve, and, in accordance, with his long established custom, relates the following story:

'You all know the sheep sheds in the lower croft, by windy Gap,' said he. 'Before I built those sheds, when it first came into my possession, I had often endeavored to reclaim it, but after many vain attempts I gave the obstinate bit up in despair, and put it to its present use. It is a desolate looking nook, and its appearance carries out to a miracle the scenes of happiness enacted upon its site.

'William Mawby was born there of parents well to do in the world, with every thing about their farm in a thriving state.—As a mere child, he was of a peevish solitary nature. This I have heard from good authority; for I only became acquainted with him as I entered my first school, and he was just on the point of leaving it.

'Consequently, when I returned home for good to my parent's roof, he was a grown up man, and I a mere stripling.—As so short a distance divided his father's farm from ours, I soon fell over him, and renewed our acquaintance. His occupation was a foreshadowing of his miserable character; he was dilligently inspecting a hedge that divided a close from a main road. He thought he had discovered evident traces of some one having passed into the field through the said hedge.

'I laughed at his wise and serious face drawn into a look of profound wisdom for so trifling an occasion. 'My young friend,' said he, 'men are ruined by trifles. It is not the broken hedge I value; but I suspect the trespassers passed through that gap for an unlawful purpose; but I'll be even with them, now my suspicions are aroused.' Was that he tapped the side of his nose, uncomfortable.

'The next day, to the amusement of the village, a large board appeared staring over the hedge, with the announcement of all sorts of penalties and spring guns to the unwary trespassers. The old father was a merry-hearted, plain old man, who never put himself under the infliction of doubts, for he believed that men were pretty considerably honest, as the world went, better than anybody else, consequently he smoked his pipe in calm contentment, and let the world wag.

'His suspicious son soon disturbed his blissful equanimity; for, much to his annoyance, he found padlocks placed on things that had hitherto been open to all. His neighbor had to wait for his glass of ale while he found his son, and his son found the key; for he, the contriver was not always sure where he had hidden it.

'Poor William's principal torment was his suspicion of his own father. His lynx-eye soon fathomed the soft easy temper of his parent, and saw a thousand ways wherein his disposition might be turned to account by the cunning dealers on market days, when the ale was uppermost at their simple friendly dinners in which the old man delighted, and which it would have been difficult to wean him from—as, although yielding and good-natured, he was too tough and independent to be dictated to by any body. Another painful thorn in his side was an aged aunt, to whom the old man took a well stored weekly basket. She lived on a small stipend in the market-town. She had two daughters. The old man often took his sobering cup of tea with them on his return. He might leave them something comfortable. The thought was tormenting.

'His suspicion carried him every market day to dog his father with the show of the most sincere affection; while the unsuspecting old man, with his heart glad, reported to his plain simple dame, who rejoiced with him over their imaginary treasure.

'He was at that time about eight and twenty, and dodge as he would, he could not escape a pair of bright eyes and rosy cheeks that met him in the before mentioned market town on one of his suspicious visits. He soon scraped an acquaintance, after having by great assiduity found out that her father was a retired miller of good fortune, and that she was an only child. He thought this a safe investment. His position and appearance soon gained him permission to continue his visits; which were in fact continued, for he was always under the apprehension that when the cat is away the mice will play, and that some other might snap up his valuable mouse.—He did not feel assured as to the old man's positive possessions, so made it his business in a thousand tortuous ways to make enquiries.

'This could not go on so quietly but it at last came to the old miller's ears, who good naturedly put it down to the young man's prudent foresight; but on inquiry, he discovered that it proceeded from a doubt of his respectability and veracity. The miller was a shrewd old man and determined, before it was too late, to find out whether the young suitor might not be wanting in some of the qualities necessary for the girl's happiness.

'The old banker was a chum of the miller's through whose instrumentality he had invested large sums in excellent mortgages. He allowed himself to be pumped by Mawby, with the connivance of the miller; and consequently, by winking replies to his eager inquiries, made out the miller to be little less than insolvent.

'William's affection sunk down to zero, although it had for months been burning, according to his own account, like two or three Ætnas combined. His suspicions, then, were true. What an escape! thought he. So it was, for the fortunate girl. He proceeded to his intended one's home. It being dark, he crept over the garden palings, and sneaked up towards the shutter. Here he vainly attempted to peep through the crevices. And while endeavoring to make out a murmured conversation, in which he thought he heard his own name mentioned, he was pinned by the miller's dog, who, poor brute, was cursed with the youth's suspicion, and suspecting that he was a thief, had seized him accordingly.—Here was rather an awkward *denouement*, and he had no right there; the path to the door lay in another way.

In his anxiety he had trampled down the flower bed. He stammered out an excuse upon his release, and departed home, crest fallen, hoping that they did not suspect his suspicions.

'The next morning he received a polite note from the miller, begging him not to repeat his visits, as the dog appeared to have taken a sudden dislike to him, in which he was joined by himself and daughter. At the same time, to ease his mind as to the state of their affairs, he begged to say, that any respectable young man, who pleased his daughter's taste, might have ten thousand down on the wedding day, and as much more at his death. For once William suspected right, viz: that he had made a sad fool of himself.

'Not many months after this he lost his simple minded mother. Her death gave him plenty of exercise for his miserable fault, for he was continually laying traps for the servants, as if they had been so many mice, to catch them in their little peculations, until his espionage made all the old domestics left the farm in disgust.

'Whenever he met me he was full of some deeply laid plan to find out some miserably suspected one, and often in the midst of his self-sufficient tale, he would start off on a sudden, without any apology, because a suspicion had flashed across his mind that he had not locked the corn bin or preserve-cupboard before he left home.

'His whole occupation seemed to be to find out things that would make him uncomfortable. The food preserved for his own table he constantly dotted or nicked, that he might see, upon their being brought to the table again, whether any one had ventured to purloin the smallest particle.

'He once got in his own trap. One night he had an engagement to go to some neighboring dance, so he sent all the servants to bed and locked the back and front doors, and to make all secure, hid the ponderous key. On his return, he could not think of the hidingplace; he therefore had some hours to walk up and down in the night air before day-dawn, when the imprisoned servants discovered him feeling about in hencoops and under thatches for the missing key. At last his hiding place struck upon his memory, and he had the mortification of withdrawing it before the tittering servants, who thus discovered his suspicions, and retribution on himself in his long night watch.

'His father, who had grown too aged to attend to the farm, left it entirely under his control. Here his suspicions had nearly finished him off—for he suspected during his harvests that his shocks were pulled and robbed in the night. He therefore hired a clown to sit up as a watchman, armed with an old double barrelled gun, loaded with slugs. The first night his suspicions would not let him sleep. The watchman might be bribed to connivance, and he get laughed at. He was soon dressed and creeping along the hedge, where his suspicions were verified by low murmuring voices. He crawled close in their vicinity, and there discovered it was the poor fellow's wife, who had brought him something comfortable for his supper. He crept back cautiously, but stumbling over the root of a tree, roused the attention of the watchman, who challenged him immediately. He lay still for a moment, hoping he should escape observation in the darkness of the night, but upon his first attempt to raise himself, he received about a dozen slugs in his arm and back, for his watchman was a better shot than he expected. The picking out of these by the village surgeon was a positive satisfaction to the many to whom his character had become pretty well known.

'Thus he went on until his father's death left him entirely alone, for his suspicious mind never allowed him to form a friendship which can only be true and valuable where there is a mutual confidence and an openness of character. He, by his suspicious nature, had locked himself within himself, which is the most fearful of imprisonments.

'His father's wealth enabled him to please his fancy, so, to set his mind at ease, he sold his farm, that he might as he thought, be free from a host of pilferers. He built himself a house in the croft I mentioned in the beginning of the tale the very prototype of himself. It had a most suspicious look—it had but one door, but windows going out on every side.

'He had but one domestic, an old cripple without relations, who was too lame to go out, and of course, had no visitors. It was well known that he had withdrawn large sums from the different country bankers, where it had been invested by his father, and it was strongly believed that he kept it in the house, as he suspected that these speculative gentlemen might, one fine morning, turn out to be insolvent. His walks were confined to within sight of his solitary mansion, the precincts of which he was never known to leave, as age crept on him, but wandered about like an unquiet spirit around his self-imposed tomb.

'In the course of time, his old domestic was conveyed to the village church-yard, much less solitary than the abode which she had left.

'For a moment, the old man stood and gazed after the bearers, his white hair blown about by the cold wintry wind, and his shrivelled hand shading his eyes. He turned slowly from the sight, and closed the door.

Many were the kind offers from the simple people of the village, but all offers he resolutely declined, as he supposed that his age and wealth were calculated upon to a nicety, and a thumping legacy looked forward to, as the reward of some trifling attention. Distant relations began to hover around him, and make tender inquiries.—These he always met on the door step, which was his only audience chamber for such callers.

'That solitary old man sat as long as daylight lasted, at a window overlooking the high road. Here he passed his life in reading and watching. The same window showed a light burning during the hours of darkness, for he always appeared on his guard, as upon any person approaching nearer than usual to the premises, his ears were saluted by the deep growl of his dog, which never left the house any more than his master.

'About two years after the decease of his house-keeper, his nightly lamp was missed from the window, for it had become quite curious to approach the house, in the daylight and reconnoitre. But there sat the solitary, apparently deeply occupied with his book, and also the dog peering through the glass. This satisfied them and they departed.

'A week had elapsed, and the village was alarmed by the appearance of Mawby's dog careering in a wild manner through the village. Upon being noticed, he sped back to the croft. Many followed him, and upon approaching the house, and looking up at the window, they perceived the old man sitting unmoved, although the glass frame had been broken by the dog's exit. After repeated calls which met with no attention, they forced their way into the house.

'Every thing in the house was neat and comfortable. There sat the poor old man in his large arm chair, dead and alone.—Of what value were those riches now which had closed his heart against all the pleasures of this beautiful world, against the possession of wife, children, kindred and friends? There was no will, for he suspected the moment he made it in any one's favor, that would be his last moment of security. It therefore spread itself for more evil, and was split up into forty law suits, the benefit of every one but the rightful heir."

A Kind Friend—There is something peculiarly gratifying in the thought, that there is *one* who loves us—who makes our interest her own. When the hand of sickness falls upon us, it is sweet to think there is a heart that beats in unison with our own—a heart that feels every pang, that vibrates in our bosom. With such a friend by our side, we can lack no earthly good. No night is weary to her, as she sits by our pillow—smooths our brow—administers to our wants, and notices every movement of our frame. Have you such a friend? Cherish her. Say not a word—breathe not a suggestion that will pain her heart. She feels an interest in you too deep for language to express, and when by a look, or a motion, you betray an indifference to her welfare, or manifest no gratitude for her favors, you send a thrill of pain through her heart. We can take a harsh word, or slight, from one with whom our spirits have no sympathy, but these pierce like daggers when they come from the friend whose interest we try to promote.

William S. Gleason has been received at the state prison from Berkshire, upon a sentence for eleven years for passing counterfeit money and burglary. His bonsmen had to send to Wisconsin for him.



JOB PRINTING,

In its various branches,

Executed with *new* and *fashionable* type, and on the most reasonable terms, at the *MERCURY OFFICE*, No. 123 Thames street.

BY THE MAILS.

PIRATES.—A letter has been published picked up in a bottle on the shore of Deleware Bay purporting to have been written by Sylvester M'Apte of the brig Smith Tuttle of Newburyport, and thrown into the sea just as a large piratical vessel was about to attack the brig. Upon this letter the "New Haven Palladium" makes the following comments:

The above letter excites considerable interest in this vicinity, the "Smith Tuttle," having been built in the adjoining village of Fair Haven, where she was purchased by a company from Newburyport. In conversation yesterday with Smith Tuttle, Esq., one of the former owners of the vessel, and the gentleman after whom she was named, we learned that she actually sailed from Newburyport on the day named in the letter, Nov. 20th, 1846, for Oregon, from which time nothing has been heard from her. Her captain's name was "Sylvester." It was well known there was a severe gale on the 26th November of the year named, the gale in which the steamer Atlantic was lost in Long Island Sound. The M. after the captain's name looks as if he intended to write 'master,' and afterwards wrote 'captain,' or 'capte.' This appearance with the other facts, gives to the letter an appearance of genuineness—but there are some expressions about it which create suspicion that it may be a cruel hoax. Mr. Tuttle is in doubt as to the true character of the document—but his opinion rather preponderates to the side of the truthfulness of the letter. If he is right, the affair is a most shocking one, and the news will be terrible to the friends of the unfortunate men on board the ill-fated vessel.

ONIONS FOR CHOLERA.—During the prevalence of the Cholera in 1832, in many places the onion was the only vegetable used upon the table, it being considered the most healthy. In many places large quantities of this vegetable were pounded up and scattered through the streets. It is well known that in instances where fever prevails onions are frequently pealed and placed around the sick room with a view of puryfying the air. If it is a fact that onions will purify the air where fever prevails, will not the effect be the same in time of cholera.

Bristol Phenix.

EXPORT OF INDIA CORN.—It will probably strike many with surprise that the amount of Indian corn shipped to Europe from the United States during the past month of June exceeds that of the same month in 1847, the famine year. The official statement of the exports for the month have appeared in the New York Shipping List, and the quantity of corn exported is stated at 1,287,369 bushels, being greater by 550,468 bushels than was shipped in the same month in 1847, and greater we believe, than was ever shipped in any previous month. Yet, great as this amount is, it is but a tithe of the quantity of grain importantly almost the entire of our exports of bread-stuffs tend.—*Baltimore American.*

NOT A LEGAL CONNECTION.—A case was some time since before one of the courts in Boston, in which each indictment contained several counts, charging distinct and seperate offences, set out on seperate pieces of paper, fastened together by pins, and judges decided that the sheets were not so connected as to form a whole, dismissed the case. The question was subsequently argued before the Supreme Court, which has decided that the court below was competent to decide upon the physical condition of the indictment. So that pinned together is not a legal connection it seems.

FORGERY AT GARDINER.—Robert L. Stinson, of the Mansion House, at Gardiner, Me., is accused of having committed a large number of forgeries, mostly of small sums, to the amount of $4000. He has been in the business two or three years. He had sold stone ware for Mr. Thompson of that town, received his pay in cash and gave his employer notes with fictitious names. He also used the names of persons in Gardiner and Litchfield, by which G. W. Bachelder, of the former, loses $500. and Joseph Williams of Litchfield loses $1040. He was arrested, secured Mr. Thompson and others, and then was permitted to take his best horse and leave for parts unknown. After he was gone it was found that he was badly in debt and had committed other forgeries.

EXAMINE YOUR CHARCOAL.—A narrow escape from conflagration has been reported to us recently. The circumstances are as follows:—A gentleman purchased a quantity of charcoal of one of the street pedlars, and stored it forthwith in his cellar, in the immediate vicinity of chips, shavings, &c. A day or two after, his wife having occasion to go to the cellar discovered it to be full of smoke, and gave the alarm; the fire was soon extinguished, and it was ascertained to have originated from the charcoal which unquestionably was on fire when purchased.—*Danvers Courier.*

CINCINNATI.—*Another Incident.*—As one of our porters was riding down the hill from St. Joseph's grave yard on Thursday, he met a rude vehicle drawn by a single horse, and in it a coffin containing the remains of a stranger. The driver was in his shirt sleeves, and astride the jaded animal, while sitting upon the coffin in the wagon was a dirty boy about fourteen years of age, *playing a jews-harp!* and both man and boy seemed as merry as though they were on their way to a frolic instead of the eternal resting place of mortality! Truly habit begets indifference, and pestilence, like war, seems to obliterate the feelings of solemnity which naturally belong to the human heart.

At Tarrytown, on Friday, those who were engaged in laying down the track on the line of the Hudson river railroad, were obliged to suspend labor because the iron was so hot that they could not handle it.

THRILLING INCIDENT.—The Cincinnati Dispatch recounting the particulars of the late flood on the Miami River, relates the following incident, as having occurred at the bridge over the O'Bannion, a tributary of the Miami:—

"A laborer went on to the bridge, and stepping on a stick of timber which had no support under it, it gave way under his weight, and in a moment he was precipitated into the angry flood. Clinging to the piece of timber with which he had fallen, he was hurried down the stream with great rapidity. It was ascertained that he was unable to swim, and his rescue seemed next to impossible. Whenever he attempted to get on top of his frail support it rolled over with him, and he was thus kept underneath; however, he managed to keep his nose out of water, so as once in a while to get a snuff of breath. Half a mile below where he fell in, there is a mill dam, over which the water was making a fearful rush, and it was feared that a plunge over this would be the last of poor Paddy. His log drew nearer and nearer the fatal spot, he clinging fast, without any one of those on shore being able to render him the least assistance. At length it took the fearful plunge; the men who witnessed it held their breath in dread silence, the women skricked aloud, but in a moment the log again rose to the surface with our hero still clinging to it. Hazen now started the engine down the road, it being found impossible to keep with him on foot, with a supply of men, with the intention of procuring the first skiff they should find and going out to his rescue as he came along. This they succeeded in doing, after he had floated nearly four miles. When he was taken out of the water he was unable to stand, but in a few minutes he revived sufficiently to walk a half a mile to a shanty, and when he was left he was "all right side up."

KILL OR CURE.—There lives in Covingston, Ky., (or did yesterday) a man worth about $60,000 who lies upon what may be, and probably will be, his death bed. Like many of us, he does not like to die, yet the future he does not think so much of as the worldly treasure he is to leave behind.—Physicians he utterly despises and has during his present illness, suffered on without their aid, but the excessive bodily pains that he has of late experienced, forced him on Saturday, to send for one. On the arrival of the doctor he submitted his proposition, viz:—He agreed to give the doctor Three Thousand Dollars if he would restore him to health, to be decided by three citizens of Covingston—but if he died, the doctor was to pay Three Hundred Dollars to such heir (unknown) as he should name in his will; and positively asserted that not one dime more would he risk. Three thousand dollars was as much as his life was worth.—The doctor would not accede to the terms in black and white, but finally compromised in writing, on Two Thousand Dollars if he saved him, and if not, he was to have no fee. We very much fear that our worthy the condition of "Old Avarice," will, or has lost the Two Thousand Dollars.

Cin. Enq., 10th.

MARRYING IN HASTE.—A young Yankee girl lately left her house at Barre, Mass., to go to some friends in Illinois. Arriving at Buffalo, she took passage on a Lake boat for Detroit. She writes to a brother at Barre as follows:—

"After I got aboard the boat, I thought I would look around and see who my travelling companions were. Saw no one whom I knew, but the first one I did see is now my husband. It was Monday night we first met, and Tuesday we were married just as soon as we could find a magistrate after landing in Detroit. He, that is my husband, immediately procured a boarding place in a private family, removed our baggage thither, sought employment for himself, which he very readily obtained, and has now gone to work at the tanning business and I to washing. And she that was a week since, Miss E. B. is now Mrs. D. P. at your service."

SINGULAR AND DANGEROUS ACCIDENT. At South Woburn on Saturday morning Mr. Stephen Prince, having put a scythe edge upwards in his wagon, by the sudden starting of his horse was thrown from his seat backwards upon the tool, which cut a gash in his side immediately under the left lung, 13 inches in length and 8 inches in depth! His left arm was also cut to the bone, a little above the elbow. The first mentioned wound is a highly dangerous one, but he may recover.

A DUTIFUL SON.—A young man writing to his parents in Oneida county, says he has already made $70,000; and adds the following in a postscript:—

"If you know of a good farm for sale, write me where it is, and how much it is worth, and if you think it will answer, I will buy it for you to live on."

It is pleasant to hear of the success of a son whose first thoughts are directed toward the happiness of his aged parents.

Albany Journal.

A curious experiment was recently tried in Russia with some murderers. They were placed, without knowing it, in four beds where four persons had died of the cholera. They did not take the disease.—They were then told they were to sleep in beds where some persons had died of malignant cholera, but the beds were, in fact, new, and had not been used at all. Nevertheless, three of them died of the disease within four hours. We state this upon the authority of the London Medical Times.

We learn from the Fort Smith (Ark.) Herald that a murder was lately committed in Scott county, in that State, by a Mrs. Job, a young married woman, upon the body of an elderly widow, by the name of Northern. The parties met in a potato patch, when Mrs. Job drew a knife and plunged it into the left breast of Mrs. Northern who fell dead immediately. Jealousy was the cause.

JUBILEES.—The Richmond Republican, noticing the suggestion of a New England Jubilee, says:—

Our New England friends are great at "jubilating." If they keep on at their present highly patriotic rate of progress, they will rival Rome and Canterbury in the number of their feast days. Already they have a grand annual celebration of the landing of the Pilgrim Fathers, which is commemorated everywhere by the sons of New England, with enthusiasm, hilarity, champagne, music, dancing, wit, pathos and poetry. In addition to this, and equally to their honor, they have a Thanksgiving Day, in which by religious services they manifest their gratitude for the fruits of the earth and other bounties of a beneficent Providence, and by sumptuous dinners and other jollifications, lay in an extra supply of happiness for the rest of the year. Even their fasts partake somewhat of the cheerful character of a feast, the abstinence of the day being atoned for by a supper which might tempt an anchorite to forget his vows. In addition to these, there is a proposition for a New England Jubilee at Bunker Hill. The more, the merrier, say we, Our only regret is, that the South does not adopt equally efficient means in perpetuating the names and glories of her pilgrims, and in extending the influence of her character and institutions.

THE SICKNESS IN THE OHIO PENITENTIARY.—The Columbus (Ohio) State Journal of Thursday has the following paragraphs relative to the sickness in the State Penitentiary:—

The pestilence still rages among the convicts in the state prison, though with not quite so much fatality as for a few days preceding. This apparrent abatement is perhaps owing to the fact that there is less food for it to prey upon. All discipline in the prison is necessarily suspended—and the appeals of the poor fellows to be released from that house of death are almost enough to move the very stones.

All attempt at labor in the prison has been suspended for several days. The chapel and all the shops, except the blacksmith shops, have been converted into hospitals. Two hundred has not been a high average upon the sick list for the last four days. The warden and directors have united in recommending a pretty free exercise of Executive clemency.

The physicians of the city have acquitted themselves nobly on this occasion—foregoing rest, and staying at no danger. One has already fallen in the noble effort.—Another is lying in imminent peril—both from disease contracted in their unwearied efforts to extend relief to suffering humanity.

The warden has done all that one man could accomplish, as well to avert as to stay the plague. He has shrunk from no danger. Not more than three or four convicts were put in cells last night. There are not well men enough among them to

The Journal of Friday says that only one new patient had been received during the previous night at the hospital. The whole number of deaths at the institution, since the breaking out of the epidemic, was 81 by cholera and two by other diseases. Of 450 convicts, only 70 or 80 escaped without an attack of more or less severity. One convict, who was discharged by pardon on the 12th, was found the next day in a dying condition, in a deserted building, and another discharged under the same circumstances was found dead in the woods.

DOCTOR BLACKWELL.—Extract from a Paris letter in the Journal of Commerce:

The medical community of Paris has been set a-talking, by the arrival in this city of the celebrated American doctor, *Miss* Blackwell. The lady has quite bewildered the learned faculty, by her diploma all in due form, authorizing her to dose and bleed and amputate with the best of them. Some of them are certain that Miss Blackwell is a Socialist of the most furious class, and that her undertaking is the entering wedge to a systematic attack on society by the fair sex. Others, who have seen her, say that there is nothing very alarming in her manner; that, on the contrary, she appears modest and unassuming, and talks reasonably on other subjects.—The ladies attack her in their turn. One of them said to me, the other day, "Oh it is too horrid, I'm sure I never could touch her hand. Only to think that those long fingers of hers had been cutting up people!" I have seen the doctor in question, and must say, in fairness, that her appearance is quite prepossessing. She is young, and rather good looking; her manner indicates great energy of character; and she seems to have entered on her singular career from motives of duty, and encouraged by respectable ladies at Cincinnati. After about ten days' hesitation on the part of the directors of the Hospital of Maternity, she has at last received the permission to enter that institution as a pupil.

SINGULAR AFFAIR.—A few weeks since a father and son, living in Ross County, by the name of Christy, both of whom were addicted to intemperance, quarrelled, and the son beat the father. The father then ordered the son to leave the premises threatening, if he returned, to kill him.—The son did return, and the father true to his word for once, shot him dead in his tracks. The citizens being afraid to arrest him after the commission of the horrid deed, he left, and went into Clinton County where he ran at large for two or three weeks, until his daughter, who had witnessed the tragedy, learning his whereabout, followed him into Clinton, went before a magistrate, made oath to the facts, and had her father arrested. At last accounts he was lying in the Clinton jail, awating the arrival of the sheriff from Ross. This case is certainly without a parallel—a father beaten by his son, a son shot by his father, and the father arrested upon the affidavit of his daughter.

Columbus (O.) Statesman.

THE PRESIDENT'S PROJECTED VISIT TO THE NORTH.—In reply to the many communications addressed to the President touching his nothern tour, including invitations and inquiries as to the time and route of his journey, and too numerous to admit of a specific answer to each, we are requested to state that the exact time of his departure, and the route which he may find it expedient to take, are necessarily unsettled; and, indeed, that a continued prevalence of the cholera may render it proper to abandon the journey altogether. His thanks are due to those corporate bodies and individuals who have, in anticipation of this journey, invited him to particular places, and favored him with the offer of their hospitalities. It will afford him pleasure to accept such invitations, as far as the demands upon his time and other circumstances may permit.—*Republic.*

THE NIAGARA SUSPENSION BRIDGE.—On Friday morning last the extensive circus and equestrian troupe of Col. Mann crossed the suspension bridge, en route to Canada. The company occupied 22 horse teams headed by the four horse band wagon, together with their baggage and paraphernalia. As little delay occurred as at any ordinary bridge, and the men and horses appeared quite at home.

The whole flooring of the bridge 800 feet long appeared occupied at one time, and presented from the water's edge 320 feet below, a scene of unequalled beauty and grandeur—the wires resembling more a spider's web woven across this otherwise impassable chasm, than a firm and solid carriage way.

The fare on teams has been reduced, and several hundred head of cattle within the last few days, have availed themselves of the bridge as a crossing place.

There cannot be a doubt of this soon becoming the principal point of intercommunication between the two countries. It is already the great attraction of the neighborhood, and since the strengthening has been completed, a drive over into Canada is quite the thing.—*Buffalo Com.*

UNFORTUNATE OCCURRENCE.—Considerable excitement was produced in this community, on Sunday afternoon, in consequence of a fracas that occurred at the European house, on Shockoe Hill.

Thos. W. Lottier, an overseer in Mr. Goode's Tobacco Factory, having suspected or ascertained the infidelity of his wife, encountered the alleged paramour, Wm. Cook, at the European house, on Sunday, whereupon he drew a revolver and discharged four barrels at him, the contents of three of which took effect, wounding Cook severely in the abdomen. Lottier then left the premises, no one offering any detention and has up to the time this was written, eluded the officers who went in pursuit.—Cook was prepared to retaliate, but the pain he was subjected to disabled him.

We have understood that Mr. Cook is not expected to survive his wounds.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—About one o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the foundry of Messrs. Worrall & Co., Nos. 22, 24 & 26 Elm street, and that portion of their large establishment was entirely destroyed. On the premises were, among the property, a valuable steam engine and machinery and two double cylinder printing presses, just completed, and ready to put in use.—The engine was but slightly damaged; the machinery and presses were entirely ruined. The amount of the loss it is impossible to estimate with correctness, but it will probably reach $12,000 to $15,000. The whole insurance, including that on the buildings, which also belonged to Messrs. Worrall, is only $3,500.

The new shop of the firm, fronting on Duane street, and the machine shop in its rear, though in imminent danger from the flames, were not damaged in the least, and we are informed by Messrs. Worrall that in a day or two they will be able to resume their business and carry it on as usual.

The dwelling house of Mr. Noah Worrall, No. 28 Elm street, No. 20 occupied by E. Giere, and the rear of the dwelling houses on Duane street, between the corner of Elm street and Worrall's new shop, were slightly damaged.

The fire originated, it is supposed, from an explosion which took place last evening in the capola, which scattered the sparks of boiling metal thickly in all directions.—Some of these probably lodged in the saw dust, and remained there undiscovered, smouldering during the night, until they finally broke out into flames.—*N. Y. Com.*

The suspension bridge which is now in progress of erection over the Ohio river at Wheeling, is to be one thousand feet in length, terminating on the west at an island, which is about to be laid out into building lots. When finished, this bridge will be one of the largest structures of its kind in the world. It is to be elevated about eighty feet above the water, so as to enable the largest steamboats to pass below, and sustained on both sides of the stream by substantial stone towers. It is built by a joint stock company, and is designed to accommodate the immense travel continually passing over the national road.—*Nat. Int.*

TREES OF CHINA.—Mr. Macgowan, Missionary to China, has sent over to the American Institute seeds of the plant from which the Chinese make grass cloth—something like silk and linen; the seeds of the tallow tree, from the trees of which the Chinese make their candles, and the seeds of another tree from the berries of which they manufacture lamp oil. If all these seed grow and thrive here, their introduction into our country will be very useful.

DROUGHT.—It is extremely dry along the coast of Maine; for the past two months the rain fallen in the neighborhood of Portland has not amounted to more than half an inch. The pasturage and meadow lands in many places look as brown as in the fall, after the frosts.

INCIDENT AT NANTASKET BEACH.—A correspondent of the Boston Transcript, writing from Leavitt's Beach House, describes the following exciting incident which occurred last week:—

"On Friday last, a party of ladies, at present residing here, undertook to visit the beach for the purpose of bathing.—Wishing to do things in style, they made interest with Mr. Leavitt for his hay-cart, and with Mr. D., a well known citizen of Boston, for his horse. Not only did Mr. D. lend his horse, but added his own services as driver, which were not sinecure, as the event will show. Being duly equipped the ladies, to the number of eight or nine, took leave of their anxious friends, and mounted the cart. Mr. D. touched up the horse, and off they went at fair speed, and in high spirits. If they could have lifted the veil of the future, what a change would they have found reserved for them in the space of a brief hour.

The party had been gone some fifty minutes when the whole house was "startled from its propriety," by shrieks of horror and cries of 'hold on!' 'don't jump!' 'they will break their necks!' &c. &c., which roused every inmate at Leavitt's and brought all to the piazza. Dreadful indeed!—There were the eight lady bathers clinging in their wet dresses to the poles of the hay-cart, while the horse, who for some time had stubbornly refused to stir a step, notwithstanding the lusty blows of Mr. D., was rushing up hill, over sand, stones and stubble, with the cart rocking and swaying and half upsetting, while Mr. D., following on foot, was vainly endeavoring to arrest the progress of the infuriated animal.

The cries of dismay and warning came from Leavitt's. But the ladies in the cart manifested all the while a degree of apathy or courage—call it what you will—that seemed perfectly inexplicable. Holding on to the poles at the sides, uttering no sound of alarm, making no gesture indicative either of a wish to escape or a fear of accident, those eight heroic females stood calmly awaiting their fate. One would suppose they had been used to being run away with; but I believe there was not one of them, who had ever been guilty even of a runaway match. Their courage was spontaneous as it was unaffected. Not one of them made a movement to jump out. Not one, when the cart seemed within a hair's breadth of upsetting, showed the least sign of apprehension, or breathed the faintest scream of terror.

As the horse drew near, however, with his intrepid charge, our amazement began to abate. The ladies' bathing dresses were clinging to the poles and their hats were hung upon the tops but the ladies themselves were not in them! They were far out of the reach of danger, laughing heartily at the spectacle; laughter, which was redoubled when they heard of the distressing but ludicrous misapprehension, under which their friends at the Beach house had been laboring. The horse after considerable difficulty, was stopped by Mr. D., who received no other harm than a slight overheating, which, with the thermometer at 98, might be produced with very little exertion.

INSUBORDINATION AT THE WORK HOUSE. Yesterday an act of insubordination at the City Work House created some excitement among our citizens, which was allayed as soon as the actual circumstances were ascertained, which, as far as we have learned are substantially as follows:—

A negro, named Nicholas, the property of Mr. Wm. Kelly, who was sometime since sentenced to be hung, but on appeal was re-tried and sentenced to be imprisoned and punished in the work house for an assault on two of our police officers, who were in the act of arresting him, gave evidence of insubordination and resistance to the officers of that institution.

Several police officers were called in to secure him, and when they approached for that purpose, Nicholas made an assault on them and was immediately aided by several of his companions, using hammers and such other weapons as were at hand. The few officers present were overcome, being without arms, and some pretty severely injured, but we are happy to say not dangerously. The negroes, headed by Nicholas, then rushed out of the door, and some citizens present, in attempting to arrest them, were also injured. Those who got out of the door, about thirty in number, then fled. Prompt measures were instantly taken to apprehend them, and up to the time of writing eighteen had been arrested and confined in the jail.

There were about 80 negroes in the yard but a small portion of whom took part in the assault, and several of those who made their way to the premises of their respective masters, evidencing no disposition to participate in the outrageous acts of their desperate companions.

We are pleased to learn that the most prompt and decisive measures have been adopted to bring these offenders to punishment. A Magistrate's Court is to be organized at 10 o'clock this morning for their trial.

The confusion incident to a scene like the one related of course aroused a number of the citizens in the vicinity who endeavored to prevent the escape of the negroes. Mr. James M'Collim, the jailor of the district, was among the number, and with great presence of mind, and determination, attacked some of the most desperate of the gang, and we regret to say received several severe wounds, but providentially none of them were of a dangerous nature. The whole scene was an exciting one.

Charleston Courier, 14th.

We are happy in being able to state that in no season during our sixteen years residence in this town, has it been so generally healthy as at the present time, and at no time has our village looked so beautiful.—Surely as a community we have reason to be grateful to Him who vouchsafes to us the many blessings we enjoy.

Bristol Phenix.

THE BEST YET.—The Knickerbocker tells of a place down east, where the gold fever rages with remarkable fury, which is not a little increased by the practical jokes of a young lawyer, who pretends to receive many letters from the gold regions, which he reads to the gaping bumpkins who assemble at his office, in order to have their credulity stretched. The following is his last missive:

"We arrived at San Francisco three weeks ago yesterday, and after stopping there four days to recruit and make preparations, we set out for the gold country. The country on the banks of the Sacramento is exceedingly fine, and the soil the most fertile in the world. We passed several wheat fields which had just been reaped, and would yield over two hundred bushels to the acre. There is, however, one drawback; this neighborhood is much infested with noxious serpents and more than as likely as not, in picking up a bundle of wheat, you will take a huge rattlesnake in your arms! We passed along up the river without making much stop, and soon we came to the gold region. We found the gold in small grains or particles. My companions all stopped to gather it, but I thought I would keep on and go to the headquarters if I could find them. I soon came to where I found the precious metal in lumps as large as walnuts. Penetrating the country further I found it become more plenty, and I frequently noticed pieces of gold the size of a common teakettle. In fact, the appearance of the country in many places reminded me of our New England cornfields after the corn has been removed, and before the pumpkins are gathered.—Still I did not stop there, but kept on towards the sources of the river. Here the country was broken and mountainous, and boulders of gold, of the size of a five pail kettle, were quite common. I came at length to a mountain, in which I supposed the river takes its rise. On the side of my approach it was very precipitous. At the base of a high cliff I looked up and saw about one hundred and fifty feet above me, and almost over my head, a mass of solid, shining gold, large as a bunch of screwed hay. It seemed to be suspended by a single root or vine; I had nothing with me but my gun; it was loaded with a ball, and my first thought was to fire and cut off the cord by which the glittering mass was hung! but as I was on the point of firing, it occurred to me if I did the gold would infallibly fall on me and crush me, so I——"

Here the reader was interrupted by a fellow with a largely developed organ of credulity, his eyes transfixed with wonder, and tobacco juice running down each corner of his mouth, who broke out with,—"I'd a fired!"

HEALTH OF THE CITY.—The crevasse is closed; the cholera gone; the streets getting thoroughly cleansed by the hands of Aquarius; the Hygeia has taken us, for the nonce, under her especial guardianship.—"Grant me but health, thou Great Dispenser of it," exclaimed the suffering author of Tristam Shandy, and he, truly, placed it above all other blessings. Our city is now rich, indeed, in the priceless treasure; sickness is almost unknown, and we luxuriate in the gifts of Pomona without fear of cholics, cramps or cholera. While our sister cities of the Union bow their heads in suffering, we can fervently thank an overruling Providence that our day of peril has passed, and the storm of desolation swept by.—*N. O. Crescent, 9th.*

THE CALIFORNIA FEVER.—A letter from Geneva, Switzerland, says that the California fever is very prevalent there, and gives the following illustrations of the way in which it shows itself:—

It would amuse you to read some of the advertisements in the journals here. There is one, in which a stock company proposed to freight a ship for California gold diggers. It was expected to take four months to go and return, and allow two months of that time for the digging of gold! In this time each man was to return with $100,000 in his pocket! I had a conversation with a French gentleman in the cars, who, finding that I came from America, began to make particular inquiries respecting California, and who fell back in astonishment, when I told him I had never been there. "What," said he, "an American, and have never been to California?" His eyes opened still wider when I told him that the distance from my residence in America to California was three times the distance from my home to this place.

THE NICARAGUA ROUTE to the Pacific, which was taken by a party of Connecticut adventurers emigrating to California, appears to be, according to their showing, a most uninviting one. The Spanish inhabitants charged exorbitantly for every thing, insomuch that they could procure no boats at reasonable prices. In consequence, some of the party took the machinery out of their steamboat, fitted up the hull with thirty oars, and by this means reached Grenada. The rest straggled thither in a variety of ways. They describe the country through which they passed as a continuous uninhabited and almost impenetrable forest, peopled by roving tribes of thieving Indians and abounding in monkeys, tigers, and a great variety of other tropical animals, whose howling renders the journey frightful.

FIRE IN THE CARS.—On Friday morning last the car occupied by Green & Co.'s express took fire when at Wampsville.—Considerable damage was done to the dry goods and other articles in charge of the messenger, before the fire was extinguished. The fire was caused by a spark from the locomotive getting under the door of the car and lighting among a lot of paper hangings. The loss is estimated at from $200 to $300.—*Utica Gazette.*

CHOLERA AMONG QUADRUPEDS.—The cholera at Cincinnati is said to have attacked the horses and swine, many of which have died of that disease.

NEWPORT MERCURY,

NEWPORT.

SATURDAY MORN., JULY 21, 1849.

At a Meeting of the Fire Wardens, held on July 10, 1849, the Board of Engineers was organized as follows:—

Isaac R. Spooner,	Chief	Engineer.
Henry Bull,	2d	do
Stephen M. Stedman,	3d	do

The following Fire Wardens were attached to the several Fire Engines, viz:—

Edward T. Allan,	No. 1.
Micah W. Spencer,	No. 2.
John Eldred,	No. 3.
John T. Bush,	No. 4.
Stephen M. Stedman,	No. 5.
George B. Knowles,	No. 6.
George Burroughs,	No. 7.
Samuel Brown,	No. 8.

George Burroughs was appointed superintendant of Hose.

DANIEL C. DENHAM, Esq., Coroner, held an Inquest yesterday morning, on the body of a man which floated up near Coddington's Cove. The body was sewed up in a blanket, with a graplin and pieces of iron attached to the feet. The verdict of the jury was that the deceased came to his death by the act of God. It was one of the unfortunate passengers of the ship St. Lawrance which came in here a few weeks ago, from Liverpool; it will be recollected that one died on board the night after she arrived, and was thrown overboard. The body was identified by the graplin and bar iron which were attached to it; it had not been disturbed by the fish. The body was decently interred in a suitable coffin, on the bank, near where it was found.

Daily News.

MR. BRISTOW, the celebrated writing master, is meeting with very liberal patronage at his rooms, MASONIC HALL; indeed he merits it, for his reputation is universally known as a gentleman of talent and character. Among his Pupils, ladies and gentlemen, are a number of our most wealthy and respectable visiters. Parents who have sons and daughters, should avail themselves of his valuable services while he is with us; for we learn his stay in Newport will be limited, therefore those who wish his instructions should give Mr. B. an early call. His attention to his scholars is only equalled by his unrivalled skill as a Chirographist and as a teacher. It is truly wonderful to see how easily he will break up a cramped, illegible hand-writing of long standing and introduce in its stead a style which is neat, elegant and expeditious, in the course of twelve familiar lessons.

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SARTAIN'S UNION MAGAZINE for August, has reached us with its usual punctuality. The embellishments are of a superior style, and its literary character very creditable to the conductors.

☞ There were 83 new cases of Cholera in New York yesterday, and 26 deaths.

SEA BATHING, on account of its stimulative and penetrative power, may be placed at the head of those means that regard the care of the skin, and which certainly supplies one of the first wants of the present generation, by opening the pores, and thereby re-invigorating the whole nervous system. This bathing is attended with two important advantages. The first is, that besides its great healing power in cases of disease, it may be employed by those who are perfectly well, as the means most agreeable to nature for strengthening and preserving health. In this respect it may be compared to bodily exercise, which can remove diseases otherwise incurable, and which may be used also by those who are sound in order to preserve themselves in that state. The other advantage is, the noble, grand and indescribable prospect of the sea connected with it, and which, on those not acquainted with it, has an effect capable of bracing up the nervous system, and producing a beneficial exaltation of the whole frame.

By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that TREVETT's Bath House is now ready for visitors.

The Mobile (Ala.) Advertiser says that the paragraph announcing the death of Col. Jack Hays, is entirely unfounded.

MRS. D. MADISON, the relic of James Madison, once the President of the United States, died at Washington on Thursday, the 12th inst., after a short illness.

GRACE GREENWOOD is about to visit Massachusetts again.

GOOD ADVICE.—John H. Prentice, in his recent valedictory on retiring from the editorial chair, which he had filled for forty-two years has the following:—

"No man should be without a well-conducted newspaper. He is far behind the epirit of the age unless he reads one, is not upon an equal footing with his fellow-man who enjoys such advantage, and is disregardful of his duty to his family, in not affording them an opportunity of acquiring a knowledge of what is passing in the world, at the cheapest possible teaching. Show me a family without a newspaper, and I venture to say that there will be manifest in that family, a want of amenity of manners, and indications of ignorance most strikingly in contrast with the neighbor who allows himself such a rational indulgence. Young men, especially should read newspapers. If I were a boy, even of twelve years, I would read a newspaper weekly, though I had to work by torchlight to earn money enough to pay for it. The boy who reads well will learn to think and analyze; and, if so, he will be almost sure to make a man of himself, hating vicious indulgence, which reading is calculated to beget a distaste for."

WASHINGTON, July 19.

APPOINTMENTS.—Edward W. Lawton, Collector, Newport, R. I.; John M. Spencer, Surveyor, East Greenwich; William H. S. Bailey, Surveyor, Bristol; Charles Randall, Surveyor, Warren and Barrington; William Brown, Surveyor, Salem, Massachusetts.

FIRE.—The bleachery at Arkwright, Cranston, belonging to Wm. M. Cook, was destroyed by fire Thursday morning, at 3 o'clock. The loss is estimated at $20,000. There was $6000 insurance on the buildings at the American Office, and $1000 loss on the goods, by the Hartford Insurance Company.

THE TRAVELLING, thus far, has been much less than usual at this season, and the places of summer resort have not filled up as rapidly as they generally do. From the tone of the letter writers who send their missives from these gay and pleasant spots to us who are chained down to the heat and dust of the crowded city, we infer that time hangs with unwonted heariness around the places where, at this season, it should fly more rapidly than ever. The fear of the cholera is doubtless the main cause which keeps people at home. Families are unwilling to separate, and many persons are reluctant to be away from their own physicians in whom they have especial confidence. The hotel keepers at Saratoga have become alarmed at the dearth of company, and have sent circulars to their friends denying the report that the cholera had appeared there, and the physicians have also issued a card affirming the general and unusual health of the village. The season is always late at Newport and the time has not yet quite arrived for the pressure of visitors which in any season and under any circumstances, will be certain to crowd that most delightful of all the watering places. Whatever fears, reasonable or unreasonable, may be entertained for the health of the other places of resort, Newport is the very home of health. The breeze from the ocean, the bathing in the surf, the rides over the island, all combine to render this the most attractive place for the seekers of pleasure and of health.

Providence Journal.

DOGS!—We have occasionally noticed the latest news "from the seat of (canine) war," and on examination we find the destruction of these unfortunate animals has been much greater this season than in any former year. During the twenty-four days the dog law has been in force, twelve hundred and fifty-seven dogs have fallen,—the amount of head money being six hundred and twenty-eight dollars and fifty cents.—The number slain last year, during the same period, was only one thousand—thus showing an increase this year of two hundred and fifty-seven. Among temporary executioners for the *dog days* is that negro we noticed sometime ago, and who has made himself notorious by his success in this line of business. He has called regularly for from four to seven dollars a day at the Chief's office; and last year he realized $200 from the business.

N. Y. Express.

BREACH OF PROMISE OF MARRIAGE *by a married Man.*—Wild vs. Harris.—At the Court of Common Pleas, last week, this case was argued before the judges. The plaintiff, a widow, about thirty years of age, brought an action against the defendant, who is a machine maker, and a married man with four children for breach of promise of marriage. The action was tried before Mr. Justice Maule, on the 19th of April last, when it appeared that the defendant contracted with the London and Birmingham Railway Company to erect the telegraph posts on their line, and that in the month of January, 1848, he went to Birmingham to superintend the workmen employed for that purpose. He took lodgings at the plaintiff's house, and becoming intimate with her, in a short time offered her marriage. The plaintiff, not knowing him to be a married man, accepted his offer.

In the month of February he left Birmingham, saying he had been sent for on business, and as he did not return or communicate with her, the plaintiff made inquiries after him, and discovered that he was a married man with a family. The jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff, with £10 damages. Now the defendant's counsel moved for a rule calling upon the plaintiff to show cause why the judgment should not be arrested, on the ground that the contract between the parties was void; inasmuch as, the defendant being a married man, it was not in the power of the plaintiff to perform her promise to marry him, and consequently the defendant's promise was made without legal consideration. The Lord Chief Justice said the court was of opinion that the defendant could not set up his own fraudulent concealment of his marriage to obtain a discharge from the responsibility of the promise made by him. The verdict of the jury giving the widow £10 damages was therefore, confirmed.—*English Paper.*

THE FALL RIVER LINE.—We are gratified to learn that, notwithstanding the great decrease for some time past in the general travel and business of the country, owing to the prevalence of the cholera, the receipts of this line, from passage and freights during the months of April, May and June, have greatly exceeded those of the same months during any former season. This is most satisfactory evidence of the popularity of the line, and creates no surprise, when we consider with how much comfort passengers are conveyed over this route, in the commodious and elegant steamers Empire and Bay State.

N. Y. Cour & Enq.

Five steamers usually running between Buffalo and Chicago have been laid up for the present, and two of the line between Buffalo and Detroit. We presume the cholera is the principal cause.

DROUGHT IN VERMONT.—The Vermont Chronicle, published at Windsor, says.

"The drought is severe in this vicinity—the grass drying up, the corn beginning to curl, and apprehensions felt in regard to potatoes. The same want of rain is felt generally in Vermont, and more severely at the North than here.

BRIGHTON MARKET, Thursday, July 19.

At market, 500 Beef Cattle, 4 pairs Working Oxen, 34 Cows & Calves, 3500 Sheep and Lambs, 200 Swine.

PRICES.

Beef Cattle.—Extra $6 50; First quality $6 4 second $5 75; third $5.

Working Oxen—No Sales.

Cows & Calves—Sales at $27, $30 $34, $40.

Sheep—$1,50, $1,62, $2, $2 50, $3.

Swine.—4½, and 5¼. Retail 5½ to 6¼.

MARRIAGES.

In this town, on the 8th, by the Rev. Mr Smith, Mr. WALTER PARKINSON, of Providence to Miss MARY JANE, eldest daughter of Capt. Wm. D. Southwick, of this place.

In this town, at the *United States Hotel*, on the 12th, by the Rev. Dr. Choules, CHARLES H. GIFFORD, of Westport, to CAROLINE WING, of Dartmouth, Mass.

In this town, on Monday last, CHARLES B. ANGELL, of Scituate, to Miss HARRIET A., eldest daughter of Mr. John H. Watson, of this town.

DEATHS.

In Middletown, July 19th, ELIZABETH W., daughter of Elder James Taylor, aged 22 years and 4 months.

"And I heard a voice from Heaven, saying unto me write, Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord from henceforth: yea, saith the spirit, that they may rest from their labors; and their works do follow them. COMM.

In Portsmouth, July 16th, Mrs. PHEBE CLARK, widow of the late Weston Clark, of Middletown, in the 83d year of her age.

In North Kingstown, (near Wickford,) 13th, Mrs. MARY STOCKMAN, wife of Ezbon Sandford, aged 45 years.

In Westerly on the 2d inst, Mrs. MARY CROSS, relict of the late John Cross, Esq. aged 79 years.

In Providence, 17th inst., Mrs. HENRIETTA RICHMOND, wife of Dect. John W. Richmond, in the 67th year of her age.

MERCURY MARINE LIST.

PORT OF NEWPORT.

ARRIVED.

SATURDAY, July 14.

Brig Dunkin, Gilchrist, fm Pictou for Dighton; John Dutton, Perkins, fm Fall River for Pictou; St. Patrick, Greenfield, fm do for do, Martha Washington, Freeman, fm Providence for do.

Sloops Rienzi, Durfee, fm Providence; Wm. Penn, Winslow, fm New Bedford.

SUNDAY, July 15.

Brig Lamartine, Read, fm Kennebec for Providence; Peconet, Brower, fm Bangor.

Sch'rs 'Wessahiccon,' Loake, fm Bristol; Comet, York, fm Portland for Warren; Medford, Veazie, fm Bangor; Telegraph, Waite, fm Gardiner; Marcellas, Partridge, fm Bangor for Dighton; Planet, Miller, fm Philadelphia.

TUESDAY, July 17.

Sch'r Eliza Matilda, *Lewis, fm Boston for Albany*; Denmark, Crowell, fm Salem for Georgetown, D. C; Southernor, Studley, fm Salem for Alexandria; Peru, Lewis, fm Boston for Albany; Cora, Chace, fm Bangor for Hartford; Lycurgus, Cramner, fm Providence for Philadelphia.

WEDNESDAY, July 18.

Sch'r Mary Shields, Clark, fm Providence for Greenport; Jane & Samuel, Ingles, fm Plymouth for Philadelphia.

Sloop Vigilant, Ash, fm New York; Reply, Hubbard, fm Southport.

THURSDAY, July 19.

Sch'rs Wm. Brown, Hunt, fm New Bedford for Baltimore; John C. Wright, Crane, fm New York for Cape Henry; Silas E. Hand, Achery, fm Philadelphia; Alpine, Richardson, fm Calais for Philadelphia; Sch'r Faker, Ball, fm Providence for New York.

FRIDAY, July 20.

Brig Confidence, Babcock, fm Bristol.

MARINE MEMORANDA.

At Havana, 7th inst, brig Algonquin, Smith, (arr 22d ult. fm Boston) for Sagua 8th, to load for New York.

Brig Henry Marshall, Brightman, cl'd at Philadelphia the 16th, for Fall River.

A GOOD MEDICINE.

The Virtues of the Sarsaparilla Root are universally acknowledged, and for an exterminator of numerous complaints and purifier of the blood we know of no more valuable medicine than Dr. Roberts' Compound Sarsaparilla Pills. They are acknowledged by our ablest Physicians to be not only unexceptionable but efficacious in the highest degree, and their basis being the concentrated extract of the Sarsaparilla prepared in a superior manner,—these Pills operate both as an alterative and mild cathartic, strengthening the digestive organs, and giving a tone and energy to the body possessed by no other medicine ever known.—*Rahway Register, N. I.*

☞ The above medicine is for sale in Newport R I, by R J. Taylor and C. G. C. Hazard.

Price 31¼ cents per box containing 50 Pills.

July 14.—6mi.

FOR SALE

ONE of Anthony & Emerson's Patent Double Acting Rotary *CHURNS*, large size. Apply at THIS OFFICE.

Newport, July 21, 1849.

Wanted to hire for the Season.

A STEADY and industrious young man, to work in and about a Confectionary Store.—To such a one liberal wages will be paid.

July 21, 1849.] STACY.

Newport, July 21, 1849.

THE subscriber has been appointed by the General Assembly of Rhode Island, Guardian of the person and estate of

SAMUEL PEARCE,

son of the late Dutee J. Pearce, Esq., dec., and has given bond to the Court of Probate of Newport for the faithful discharge of the trust. Notice is hereby given to the creditors of his said ward to exhibit their claims to the subscriber within six months from the date hereof,

W. R. BABCOCK, of Salem, Mass.

6sw.

JUST RECEIVED and FOR SALE.

BACKGAMMON BOARDS, Checker Boards, Combs, Brushes Perfumery, &c., Dice, Dominoes, Chessmen, &c., all for sale cheap, at the Confectionary & Variety Store, by STACY.

July 21, 1849.

BATHING DRESSES, HATS AND CAPS, for sale at

June 23] JAMES HAMMOND'S.

LONG WHARF

Warm and Cold Sea Baths,

ORIENTAL and HYDROMAGNETIC BATHS.

THE cold, or tide bath, through which a pure stream of sea-water is constantly ebbing and flowing, is suitable at or near high water.—in which Children can learn to swim.

The Warm and the Shower Baths, from 6 in the morning, until 9 o'clock in the evening.

"*Sea-bathing in cold, and more so in warm water, are the most powerful means of preserving and restoring health with which we are acquainted.*"

BUCHAN.

☞ Tickets for the season or shorter time.

E. TREVETT, *Proprietor.*

Newport, July 21, 1849.

DAGUERREOTYPES.

MESSRS *MANCHESTER* have again returned to Newport, and fitted a fine suit of rooms in Cases building, corner of Washington Square and Thames street; but will remain only a short time this season owing to other engagements.

They heartily thank the thousands who have patronized them heretofore, and hope the improvements, they have made in the art the last year and their willingness to please the public will be sufficient inducement for them to continue their favors and induce many more to give them a call. [July 21.

EMBROIDERIES—Opened this week by F. LAWTON & BROTHERS, Lace and Muslin Caps, Collars, Cuffs, Lace Sleeves, &c.

July 21.] 74 Thames St.

The purest and best Ice Creams,

MADE and sold at 50 cents per quart, and sent out in forms or otherways, at the Confectionary, *corner of Thames and Frank sts*, by STACY.

Ice Cream Saloon for Ladies & Gentlemen, over the Store—open from 9 in the morning, until 11 o'clock in the evening. Pleasure parties accommodated on reasonable terms. STACY.

July 21, 1849.

Court of Probate, Middletown, July 16, 1849.

THE petition of Hannah Smith, Guardian of the persons and estates of *George W. Smith*, and *Irene Smith*, minors, children of George Smith, late of Middletown, deceased, stating that said minors are possessed in their own right of one undivided tenth each of a certain tract of land situated in said Middletown, containing about thirty acres, with a dwelling house, barn and other buildings thereon standing; bounded Northerly on land of William Cornell, partly—and partly on land of Peleg Peckham, Esq; Easterly partly on land of James Barker, partly on land of Hiram Barker and partly on land of said Peleg Peckham; Southerly partly on land of Isaac Smith and partly on land of said Hiram Barker; and Westerly partly on land of William Smith, it being the farm formerly owned by the said George Smith, dec.,—that it would be to the interest of said minors to sell all their right and title in and to fifteen acres of said tract of land, bounded Northerly on land of William Cornell, partly; and partly on land of said Peleg Peckham, Esq. Easterly partly on land of James Barker, and partly on land of Peleg Peckham; Southerly on the hereinafter described 11 acres and three quarters of an acre of said tract of 30 acres and Westerly partly on land late of the heirs of David Barker, now of said William Smith and partly on the road; also all said minors right and title in and to 3 acres of said tract, of 30 acres, bounded Northerly on said tract of 11 acres and three quarters of an acre; Easterly on land of Hiram Barker; Southerly partly on land of said Isaac Smith, and partly on land of said Hiram Barker; and Westerly on the road; and to invest the proceeds of sale thereof in purchasing of William Smith and Isaac Smith, all their right, title and interest in and to one undivided half of said 11 acres and three quarters of an acre of land, being a part of the above described parcel of 30 acres, with the one half of the above described tract of 30 acres, with the one half of the dwelling house and other buildings thereon standing bounded Northerly on the aforedescribed 15 acres of land; Easterly on land of Hiram Barker; Southerly on the above described 3 acres of land; Westerly on the road; praying this Court to authorise and empower her in her said capacity of Guardian to sell said minors right, title and interest in and to the said two tracts of land, and to invest the proceeds of sale thereof as aforesaid; was presented and read.

Ordered that the same be received, & referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town House in Middletown on the 3d Monday in August next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., and previous notice be given thereof by advertisement for 3 successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place, and be heard.

A true Copy—witness,

JOSHUA COGGESHALL, *Probate Clerk.*

Savings' Bank

A DIVIDEND was declared on WEDNESDAY July 18th, of 3 per cent, on all sums that have been in for the space of six months, and 1½ per cent on all sums that have been in for the space of three months, agreeably to the regulations of the institution, payable on and after that day.

S. S. GYLES, *Treasurer.*

July 21, 1849.

MUSLIN BANDS for trimming muslin capes and mantles, opening this week by

July 21.] F. LAWTON & BROTHERS.

CHAMBER CARPETS, neat, small patterns of Brussels and superfine, for Chambers and Sitting rooms, for sale by

July 21.] F. LAWTON & BROTHERS.

SAVINGS' BANK.

AT a meeting of the Corporation of the Savings' Bank of Newport, July 18th, 1849, the following gentlemen were chosen Directors:—

John Stevens, Isaac Gould, Benj. Finch, J. S. Munro, S. T. Northam, Adam S. Coe, Edwin Wilbur, Benj. H. Tisdale, David Melvill, R. B. Cranston, Samuel Brown, Wm. Sherman, Benj. Marsh, Thomas W. Brown, John V. Hammett, Wm. C. Cozzens, George T. Weaver, Samuel Engs, Edward A. Sherman, Richard Swan, Charles Devens, Oliver Read, Frances Lawton, Michael Freeborn, Samuel S. Gyles.

And at a subsequent meeting of the Directors Benjamin Finch was chosen President, in the room of John Stevens, who declined.

S. S. GYLES, *Treasurer.*

B. B. HOWLAND, *Secretary.*

Clerk's Office, Court of Probate, Middletown, July 20, 1849.

THE EXECUTOR'S 9th account on the estate of GEORGE IRISH, late of Middletown, Esq., dec., was this day lodged in this office, with a request that the same be examined and allowed at a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town House in Middletown, on the third Monday of August next, at 1 o'clock P. M. Notice is therefore hereby given to all persons interested in said estate to appear at said Court, if they see fit and be heard in relation to the allowance of said account.

JOSHUA COGGESHALL, *Probate Clerk.*

Look at this ye Lovers of Good Things.

PRESERVES, Jelley's and brandy fruits—all of superior quality, put up expressly for family use, are now offered for sale at a reduced price. Those in want are invited to call at the Confectionary and Variety Store, *corner of Thames and Frank streets.* STACY.

Newport, July 21.

KNIT HOSIERY—A large supply of Woolen and Cotton Knit Hosiery, for sale by

July 21, 1849.] H. SESSIONS.

OPENING OF MR. BRISTOW'S WRITING ACADEMY.

At the Masonic Hall—room No. 4, corner of Church and School Streets, Newport, R. I.

DAY AND EVENING CLASSES.

—Cheapest and best instruction in—

WRITING

GUARANTIED to be taught to pupils of every age, in a full and complete course of lessons.

Mr. Bristow, finishing Writing Master, from his academies London, New York and Boston, in announcing his arrival, most respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Newport, that he intends to make only a limited stay, to practice his unerring proof of eradicating all bad writing. He therefore politely invites youth and age who wish to secure his instruction to apply soon.

Mr. B. has taught his unrivalled system of Penmanship with the most distinguished success for the last 20 years, in all the great Atlantic cities of the United States and Canada, as also in Europe, Mexico and South America. The vast experience acquired by Mr. B., embracing all ages, will, he trusts, inspire the inhabitants of Newport with confidence to attend his classes, now open day and evening.

To Ladies, Mr. Bristow imparts a neat, handsome, delicate and fashionable running hand, at once pleasing, elegant and lady-like.

The Gentlemen acquire a bold and manly free, expeditious, practical business hand, no matter how illegible or cramped the writing is (see specimens at the Hall and Post Office.)

N. B—Mr. B. can be seen from 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., or 2 to 8 P. M.

*** Visitors in Newport can take a course in a few days. July 7, 1849.

SHIP MARTHA, *of Newport*—All persons having any claims against this Ship, are requested to hand them in without delay to either

CHARLES DEVENS or R. P. LEE, *Agents.*

July 14, 1849.

PUBLIC SCHOOL NOTICE.—Parents or Guardians wishing to place their children or wards in any of the Public Schools, are informed that the School Committee have assigned SATURDAY of each week, from 9 o'clock, A. M., till noon, as the time for giving permits, during which time, applications must be made to the Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Dumont, at his office in Frank street. By order of the Committee.

CHARLES T. BROOKS, *Secretary.*

Newport, July 14, 1849—tf.

EXECUTRIX NOTICE.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice that she has been duly appointed Executrix of the last will and testament of

CHARLES GYLES,

late of Newport, dec., and given bond to the Court of Probate, for the faithful discharge of said trust, requests all persons having demands against said estate, to present the same, and those indebted to make immediate settlement with her.

PERNISSA GYLES, *Executrix.*

July 14, 1849.

F. BROWN'S Essence of *JAMAICA GINGER*, a safe, mild and efficient remedy in the premonitory symptoms of Cholera, at

June 9.] R. J. TAYLOR'S.

A Rare opportunity. A beautiful Country Seat for sale on Rhode Island.



THE undersigned offers for sale her present well known residence in Middletown, situated on the Main road, one mile, from the State House in Newport. It contains about 30 acres of excellent land, under the best cultivation. The Mansion House, in perfect order, and most conveniently constructed, contains 3 stories, and is finished in modern style, and in a very superior manner; there is also on the premises a suitable barn, crib, carriage house and other out buildings appropriate to the establishment, and suited to a gentleman's residence. The walls of the farm are in good order, and the orchard is supplied with a variety of valuable fruit trees. Many ornamental trees also surround the House. There is a beautiful garden on the estate, which is well arranged, furnishing every kind of flowers, shrub &c., &c.

The House is located at a pleasant distance from the road, and commands one of the finest views of the Ocean, Bay, surrounding Islands and adjacent scenery, that can be found on Rhode Island. Being sufficiently near Newport for all convenient purposes, it is also quiet and retired, It offers a rare opportunity for those who are now visiting Newport, to purchare a very valuable residence. For further particulars, apply to the undersigned on the premises, or to AUGUSTUS BUSH, Broad street. LYDIA COLLINS.

N B.—If not disposed of at private sale before the 25th of August, it will be sold at public auction that day.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that the undersigned, having given bond and qualified himself according to law, as Administrator on the estate of

LYDIA STODDARD,

late of Portsmouth, dec., hereby requests all persons having claims against the estate to present the same to him for settlement, and all persons indebted to make immediate payment

JOHN CROUCHER, *Administrator.*

NEW BOOKS.—A book of the Hudson, collected from the various works of *Diedrich Knickerbocker*, edited by Geoffsey Crayon; America & the Americans, by the late Achille Murat; Edmond Dantes, with elegant illustrations—being a sequel to the Count of Monte Cristo, by Alexander Dumas. Just received at *TILLEY'S* Newspaper and Periodical Depot, 122 Thames st.

July 14.

ALCOHOL, 95 per cent Alcohol for Artistical purposes, at R. J. TAYLOR'S.

June 16.

To the Honorable the Court of Probate, for the Town of Little Compton, in the State of Rhode Island, &c., to be holden on the ninth day of July, A. D. 1849.

RESPECTFULLY represents, Thomas D. Eliot of New Bedford, in the State of Massachusetts, Executor of the last Will and Testament of MARY ROTCH, late of said New Bedford, deceased, that said Mary Rotch died at said New Bedford, seized of certain Real Estate in said Little Compton, which was devised by said Will to your Petitioner, as Residuary Devisee, that said Will has been duly proved and allowed in said State of Massachusetts, and a copy of said Will duly authenticated, is herewith presented,—Wherefore the Petitioner prays that now the said Will may be duly recorded, allowed and filed by your Honorable Court,——And as in duty bound will pray. THOMAS D. ELIOT.

On the foregoing Petition, it is ordered that public notice of the pendency and prayer of said Petition be given by publishing a copy of said petition, and order of notice thereon in the *Newport Mercury* for 3 successive weeks that all persons interested may appear at a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in said Little Compton on Monday the 13th day of August next, at one o'clock, P. M., and object to the granting of the Prayer thereof, by this Court. Witness,

OTIS WILBOR, *Probate Clerk.*

Little Compton, July 9, 1849.

FOR SALE.

WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY *next, July 25th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the Long Wharf, by direction of Margaret Burdick, Administratrix on the estate of Daniel Burdick, deceased,*



ONE HALF of the fast-sailing Centre Board schooner *Brookhaven*, burthen 98 61-95 tons, sails nearly new, well found in other respects, and can be sent to sea at a very little expense.

ALSO—One third part of the sloop *Annawon*, burthen 85 46-95 tons, sails fast, is staunch and strong, can likewise be sent to sea with little expense.

The other owners interested in said vessels are disposed to sell their parts if required, on moderate terms. J. GOODSPEED, Auc'tr.

Newport, July 20, 1849.

STEEL PENS—LETTER PAPER, INK AND ENVELOPES, Of superior quality, for sale at

June 30.] JAMES HAMMOND'S.

WHITE Twilled Angola Flannel for Summer wear, warrented not to shrink in washing.

April 21.] At JAS. H. HAMMETT'S.

FOR SALE.



THE beautiful mansion owned and occupied by the subscriber, 1 mile from Newport, on the main road to Boston. The situation is unrivaled. The house was planned by Warren, and built by Tallman & Bucklin, with the best materials, in the most substantial manner. An orchard in full bearing, a garden of 1½ acres (surrounded by a buckthorn hedge) well stocked with small fruits, —Forrest trees and shrubbery of a large growth present the most attractive whole, for a summer residence, to be found on the Island. Purchasers are invited to call and view the establishment every day between the hours of 9 & 12 A. M., or 3 and 5 P. M. If not sold previous to the 1st of August, it will be offered at auction on that day. WM. VERNON.

June 30, 1849

DOCT. S. ARNOLD'S *BALSAM*, for Diarrhea and Dysentery, at R. J. TAYLOR'S.

June 9.

Ship for Sale, suitable for the California Trade.



The ship *MARTHA*, (of this port,) as she now lies at Deven's Wharf, (recently returned from a whaling voyage) together with all her whaling Apperatus, Casks, Boats, &c.

This Ship was rebuilt at New Bedford in 1833 at an expense of $11,000—since which time she has been kept in excellent repair—having within a few years had an entire new upper deck, stantions, beams, water ways, sheer streaks, plank sheres, knees and breasthook. Her windlass was new when she sailed on her last voyage—she has good chains and Anchors nearly new. Her length on deck is 94 feet, Beam 27 feet, depth about 16 feet. She is a first rate working ship, easy at sea, and sails very fast. If not sold previous to the 10th of July next, she will then be sold at Public Auction. For further information apply to CHARLES DEVENS or R. P. LEE.

Newport, June 30, 1849.

The *New London Star* and *New Bedford Mercury*, will please copy 3 times, and forward their bills.

MORE CHEAP CARPETS, just received, also, white Straw Mattings, by

June 16.] WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

SULPHUR PILLS, as administered at the New York Hospitals in cases of

June 16.] R. J. TAYLOR'S.

NOTICE.—The subscribers will furnish 30 or 40 Young Ladies who understand embroidering Shawls and fringing them, with steady employment; or those who have a fancy and a tact at similar work, can soon learn to do them if they wish to, on application to

July 14.] WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

BATHING SUITS of all kinds, constantly on hand, or furnished in any shape and quality at the shortest notice, by

WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

July 14.] No. 72 Thames street.

Rhode Island Bridge Company.

THE annual meeting for choice of Officers, will be held at the *Bank of Rhode Island* on MONDAY the 30th inst. at 3 o'clock, P. M.

W. A. CLARKE, *Clerk.*

Newport, July 14, 1849.

Court of Probate, Portsmouth, July 9th, 1849.

AN instrument in writing dated the 28th of 5th month, 1849, purporting to be the last will and testament of DEBORAH CHASE, wife of Isaac Chase, late of Portsmouth, dec., was this day presented for Probate and letters testamentary thereon.

It is ordered that the same be received, and the consideration thereof is referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the Town Hall in Portsmouth on the second Monday of August, at 1 o'clock, P. M., and previous notice be given in the *Newport Mercury*, for 3 successive weeks that all persons interested, may appear at said time and place if they see fit, and be heard.

By order,

RICHARD SHERMAN, *Probate Clerk.*

NOTICE.

THE subscribers have concentrated their business, and formed a Co-partnership this day under the name and firm of

NEWTON, BROTHERS,

and will continue their former business on a more extensive plan at No. 186 & 188 Thames street, corner of Pelham, and respectfully solicit a continuance of patronage.

EDWARD F. NEWTON,
JAMES R. NEWTON,
WILLIAM NEWTON.

June 28, 1849.

☞ In consequence of the above arrangement, it is all important that all debts due us previous to the 1st of January should be settled immediately. E. F. & J. R. NEWTON.
WILLIAM NEWTON.

The undersigned having associated himself with his Brothers, as above, takes this method of tendering his thanks to his customers for the very liberal patronage that has ever been extended to him, and will be much gratified for a continuance of the same at the lower store, where every inducement will be made to gratify their wishes. WILLIAM NEWTON.

Newport, June 28, 1849.

RIDING GLOVES.—Ladies' Riding Gauntlets, Paris make, received this week, by

May 12.] F. LAWTON & BROTHERS.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS, of every variety of style and price, will be opened this day, by LAWTON & BROTHERS.

☞ Notice to Strangers. ☜



The new and fast-sailing pleasure boat, *SUSAN H. LOYD*, will be in readiness to accommodate fishing or pleasure parties, on application at Bannister's Wharf, to OBED KING.



CHERRY PECTORAL

For the Cure of

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, CROUP, ASTHMA, WHOOPING-COUGH AND CONSUMPTION.

This valuable preparation is now acknowledged to be the only known and certain remedy for pulmonary complaints. Physicians before whom it has been placed, have bestowed on the Cherry Pectoral their unqualified praise as an article of rare excellence, and one on which dependence can be placed in cases of affections of the lungs.—Read the following testimony and judge carefully from it—it is from men of known respectability, not from persons of whom you have never before heard.

DR. J. V. SMITH,

Surgeon of the Port of Boston,

Says—"It gives me pleasure to speak with approbation of such a medicine as is here offered to the public. If any preparation can subdue disease of the lungs, Pectoral can do it."

FROM THE LONDON LANCET,

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is one of the most truly valuable preparations that has fallen under our notice. After a careful examination, we do not hesitate to say we have a large appreciation of its merits and the fullest confidence in its usefulness for coughs and lung complaints.

PROF. CLEAVELAND,

Of Bowdoin College, Brunswick, Me.,

Writes:—"I have witnessed the effects of your Cherry Pectoral in my own family and that of my friends, and it gives me satisfaction to state in its favor that no medicine I have ever known has proved so eminently successful in curing diseases of the throat and lungs.

DR. PERKINS,

President of the Vermont Med. College,

One of the most learned and intelligent physicians in the country, considers it a "composition of rare excellence for the cure of that formidable disease, Consumption."

THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF MEDICAL SCIENCE

States that "the prevailing Asthma of this inclement climate has yielded with surprising rapidity to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and we cannot too strongly recommend this skilful preparation to the Profession and public generally.

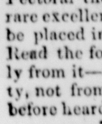
If there is any value in the judgement of the wise, here is a remedy on which the public can depend. Price 75 cents per bottle.

Prepared by J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass., and sold by Druggists everywhere.

For sale in Newport, by Dr. R. R. Hazard and R. J. Taylor.

Feb. 24, 1849.

For Sale or To Let.



THE subscriber offers for sale or to let, the estate which he formerly occupied, situated at the corner of Touro and High streets on the Hill.

The house has every convenience for the residence of a private family, or for taking boarders; has a good well of water, and the yard and garden is well filled with trees and shrubbery. For terms apply to HENRY OMAN.

Newport, May 12, 1849.

Valuable Real Estate For Sale.



THE ESTATE on Thames street, long known as the residence of William Lee, dec.; consisting of a lot of land 90 feet out and rear, and extending to the harbor,—with a two story dwelling house, stable and other out buildings thereon, and is well supplied with well and rain water; together with a Spar Yard, having a Spar Shop 70 feet long, with ample dock and wharf room, and all the necessary fixtures for prosecuting the spar-making business,—for which purpose it has been occupied for upwards of 100 years in the same family.

If this estate is not sold by the 1st of May next it will then be let together, or seperately as desired. The dwelling house is well arranged for two families. March 31.

FOR SALE

Or To Let for the Season Furnished.

A NEW two-story Stone House, situated on Spring street, about ¼ of a mile south of the compact part of the town. ☞ This House is very commodious and well finished, has a patent Cooking Range; bathing room, force pumps for rain and well water, &c.; and commands a fine view of the town and harbor, and of the adjacent farms, with nothing to interrupt the prospect on either side. For further information apply to,

R. P. LEE,

At the R. I. Union Bank.

Newport, March 31—tf.

Coal Yard

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has taken the Coal Yard and wharf recently occupied by Charles Devens, Jr., and shall be happy to supply the old customers of Mr. Devens, as well as the public generally, with the best kind of Coal.

WM. G. PECKHAM.

Newport, May 12, 1849.—tf.

Now we are Ready.

TO SUPPLY OUR OLD friends and patrons and the public generally, with new BOOTS, SHOES & GAITERS, of every kind and quality. Having now on hand the largest stock of Boots and Shoes ever brought to Newport;—most of which were *manufactured* expressly for my trade, from the very best of material, therefore I can warrant every article.

As to prices they are much less than last season, particularly MEN'S BOOTS and LADIES' GAITERS. I have a good article of Ladies' Gaiters, which I sell for $1 12½ cents, and some as low as 92 cents. Parents buying shoes for their children for Spring wear, should certainly call before buying elsewhere, for we have an unusual quantity of plain and fancy shoes,—which will be afforded very cheap for CASH. In fact every kind of *Gents, Ladies, Masters, Misses* and *Children's* Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, may be had very cheap at No. 173 Thames st, corner of Market-quare, of GEORGE H. NORMAN.

March 24, 1849.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber has moved his Soap and Candle establishment from the Stone Building on Broad street, to the building on *SHERMAN* street, formerly the old meeting house, (fitted and used for a short time as a Soap House, by Sanford Bell,) —where he has on hand

Hard and Soft Soap, Mould and Dipt Candles, &c.,

of equal quality to any made in this State or elsewhere.

Store keepers furnished at the lowest prices nd sent to them free of expense.

SILAS WARD.

Newport, Dec. 23, 1848.—tf.

THE BEST

And Cheapest Family Medicine in the World!

DR. ROBERTS'

Compound Sarsaparilla Pills,

An Alterative, Tonic Diuretic, and mild Cathartic,

Price 31¼ cents per box, containing 50 Pills.



The great superiority of "Roberts' Compound Sarsaparilla Pills," over all other preparations of Sarsaparilla and Pills, is their concentrated form, and purity of the extract, which, being combined with other vegetable extracts, render them the most purifying of all medicines.

The peculiar virtues of the Sarsaparilla root have for a long time attracted the attention of the medical profession and the public; and great interest has been directed to the developments of its Medical properties: various Syrups, Tinctures, and Decoctions have been prepared from it, all of which have been found to contain little or none of the valuable properties of the root.—Medical men are aware how slightly the root yields its virtues by maceration in water, and the impossibility of retaining it when prepared in Alcohol. Hence the great value of the solid extract of which these Pills are prepared. One box of the Compound of Sarsaparilla Pills contains more of the Sarsaparilla than is contained in two bottles of the Syrups usually sold.

The proprietor experimented for several years to obtain from the root a solid extract, which should possess all its valuable properties in their most concentrated form, which he combined into the form of Pills, and has used them in his practice with the most astonishing success, and, at the suggestion of many friends, he now offers them to the public at a price which makes them the cheapest medicine in the world, with full assurance that they will be found to be the best medicine prepared.

The Compound Sarsaparillia Pills are used for the permanent cure of those diseases whicharise from an impure state of the blood and morbid secretions of the Liver and Stomach, viz: Erysipelas, Scrofula or King's Evil, Ulcers, Scald Head, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Blotches, Boils, Pimples, Sore, Weak, or Inflammed Eyes, Glandular Swellings, Rheumatic Affections, Pains of the Bones and Joints, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Asthma, Diarrhœa, and Dysentery, Coughs, Colds, Inflammation of the Lungs, Influenza, Indigestion, Headache, Jaundice, Generaland Nervous Debility, Female Complaints, Bilious Diseases, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, and whenever medicine is required to purify and invigorate the system.

They are a purely vegetable compound, and may be used by persons of all ages. They are pleasant to the palate, and produce no nausea, uneasiness or griping in their operation. Hundreds of certificates could be given of persons who have used them with the greatest benefit. Purchasers will be particular to ask for "Roberts' Compound Sarsaparilla Pills," and observe that the wrapper on each box has a fac simile of the signature of JOS. ROBERTS, M. D. No travelling agents appointed.

All applications or Agencies, and letters on the subject of the Medicine, must be addressed (post paid) to C. P. Fay, New York City, General Agent for the United States, British and West India Provinces.

R. J TAYLOR, and C. G. C. HAZARD, agents Newport, R. I.

Aug. 5th.

MURRAY HOUSE,

CORNER OF PELHAM & CORNE STREETS

NEWPORT, R. I.,



Is now open for the reception of company, by the subscriber, (under the direction of Mrs. Murray.) He begs leave to assure its former patrons and the public, that no exertion will be spared to sustain its present reputation.

WILLIAM B. WILSON.

Newport, June 2, 1849.

High Street House,

NO. 10 HIGH STREET.



THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has opened the above named house for the reception of steady or transient boarders. The tables will be well supplied. HENRY OMAN.

Newport, June 23, 1849.

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!!

A Good assortment, very cheap, just received, and for sale at the Confectionary, Fancy Goods, Toy & Variety Store, corner of Thames & Frank streets, by STACY.

BOSTON, WORCESTER AND ALBANY,

VIA PROVIDENCE.

Breakfast on board of the Boat.



ON AND AFTER MONDAY, June 25th, 1849, the steamboat *PERRY*, Capt. Gilbert Woolsey, will run between Providence and Newport in connection with trains of the Boston and Providence and Providence and Worcester Railroads, as follows, viz:—

Will leave Sayers's Wharf, Newport, at 5½ A. M. and 1½ P. M; Butler's Wharf, West side, near the Bridge, Providence, at 10 A. M. and 6. P. M., or on arrival of trains from Boston and Worcester.

Passengers may procure tickets for Boston, Worcester and Albany, on board of the boat and at Rail Road stations at Albany, Boston and Worcester, for Newport.

Passengers leaving Albany in the morning may arrive at Newport the same evening, or may remain all night at Worcester, and arrive at Newport the next day at noon; or leave Saratoga in the forenoon, or Albany at 2½ P. M., spend the night at Springfield, and arrive at Newport the next evening.

Passengers leaving Newport in the morning may continue through to Boston, Worcester and Albany, arriving at Albany the same evening, or leaving Newport at 1½ o'clock P. M., may sleep at Springfield, and arrive at Albany at 1½ P. M. next day, and leave for Saratoga at 2 P. M.

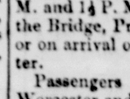
Passengers leaving New York in the morning, via New Haven Railroad, may arrive at Newport (via Worcester and Providence) same evening, and leaving Newport at 5½ a. m. by same route arrive at New York at 7½ p. m.

Passengers and Baggage transported (free of charge) between the boat and cars at Providence.

FARES.—From Newport and Albany, $5,50.
" " " Boston, $1,50.
" " " Worcester $1,50
" " " Providence, 50

☞ Passengers wishing BREAKFAST, by giving notice at the OFFICE as soon as possible after leaving the wharf, can be provided for on board the boat. {June 23.

For Sale or To Let.



The pleasant House in Broad street, belonging to the estate of the late Richard K. Randolph, Esq, It contains 12 finished rooms, has a good well of water, cisterns, wood house, garden &c.. The rent is $150. Apply to

MISS YEOMANS, in Broad street.

June 23, 1849.

TABLE OIL CLOTHS, a very superior article of Table Oil Cloths, for sale by

June 16.] WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

NOTICE



THE *new* and splendid steamboat *CANONICUS*, Capt. Brayton, will commence her regular trips between Newport and Providence on MONDAY next, touching at Bristol, Bristol Ferry and Fall River, each way. Leaving Providence every day (Sundays excepted) at 7½ o'clock, A. M., Fall River 10¼—or on the arrival of the morning train from Boston, and arrive at Newport about 11¼ A. M. Returning will leave Newport at 2 o'clock, P. M., to connect with the 3½ o'clock train at Fall River for Boston; and leave Fall River at 4 o'clock, P. M., touching at Bristol and Bristol Ferry, and arrive at Providence at about 6 o'clock. Fare for a single passage 50 cents, or Excursion tickets for the day at the same rate.—Tickets between Newport and Boston $1, 50, and Baggage ticketed through to connect directly with the Road without Carriages at Fall River.

☞ For further information apply to

ANTHONY STEWART,

Newport, June 30, 1849.—tf.

WM. H. SMITH,

DENTAL SURGEON,



WOULD inform the citizens of Newport and its vicinity, that he has taken rooms at Mrs. WILCOX'S, over Messrs. *Finch & Engs'* Store, (first door North of Swinburne's Block, Thames street,) where he will be in attendance to perform all operations essential to the preservation of the *TEETH and GUMS*. He will also insert *ARTIFICIAL TEETH*, from one, to an entire set, in the best possible manner. Work warranted and prices moderate.

Mr. S. has had a number of years experience in his Profession, and therefore feels confident that he can perform all operations to the entire satisfaction of all parties.

Mr. S. would also state that he intends making Newport his permanent residence, and hopes by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

☞ Unquestionable references given, if required. He has a Compound Dentifrice for beautifying and preserving the Teeth; a very superior article, prepared by himself.

Newport, May 5, 1849.

To Farmers and Dairy-Men.

ANTHONY & EMERSON'S PATENT DOUBLE ACTING ROTARY CchurN, PATENTED JAN. 9, 1849.—In bringing this effectual and simple churn into use, the proprietors, feeling confidence in its capabilities, do not hesitate to pronounce it the best Churn ever offered to the public. This Churn is on exhibition at the agency,

54 BROAD STREET, UP STAIRS, BOSTON.

And in order to convince the incredulous and satisfy the curious, at 12 o'clock daily, a Churning will be made. ☞ The public are invited to call and examine the machine, and see its utility tested. It combines the following valuable qualities:

1st. It produces butter in less time than any other Churn, making it and gathering it from sweet milk in from 3 to 8 minutes, and from cream in much less time.

2d. It produces more butter from the same amount of milk or cream, than the ordinary method, as it does its work in a more thorough and scientific manner.

3d. It is the cheapest and most convenient Churn ever invented, involving the true philosophical principles of butter-making.

4th. New milk, after being churned, is sweet and suitable for family use.

5th. Instead of feeding the calf with milk direct from the cow—churned sweet milk will answer every purpose. By this process, the butter is all profit.

We offer it upon the following terms:—If the Churn does not prove as recommended, it may be returned, and the money will be refunded.

We have constantly on hand and for sale, five different sizes, $3, $4, $5, $6, and $12, capable of churning at one time, 1½, 3½, 5½, 10, and 20 gallons of milk or cream. Also, Churns of any size made to order.

Exclusive county rights to manufacture and sell in the States of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts and Rhode Island, for sale at about the rate of one hundred dollars for each 10,000 inhabitants.

A discount of twenty-five per cent, for cash, is allowed to the trade.

All orders, postage paid, addressed to the subscribers, will be promptly attended to.

JONES & CURTIS,

54 Broad street, (up stairs,) Boston.

May 26, 1849.

JUST RECEIVED, Oak and Hemlock tanned sole Leather, Calf Skins, curried Goat, Kip Skins, Morocco Linings, Bindings, Boot tops, Shoe thread, Pegs, Shoe paper, Grocers and common wrapping paper, &c. &c., for sale at

PARKER' Auction & Commission Store,

May 12.] No. 115 Thamesstreet.

WHITE CRAPE SHAWLS, plain and embroidered, for sale very cheap, by

June 16.] WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

TO LET,

And possession given on the 1st of April.



THAT well known estate in Broad street, near the State House, now occupied as a Boarding House, by George W. Stanhope, and formerly for many years by Joseph Fish. It contains about 20 Rooms, with a Cook House, and every necessary convenience. The House is in good repair, and its location will be found very convenient for travellers or persons having business with the Courts or the General Assembly. It will be leased for one or more years. For further particulars and terms apply to

JOSEPH ANTHONY.

Newport, March 10, 1849.

TO LET



THE valuable estate No. 148 Thames street. The store has been recently redaired and modernized, and as a business location is not surpassed by any in Newport. The tenement is roomy and conveuient—there is a good cellar and well of water, and a large garden, containing some valuable fruit trees. For terms apply to

WILLIAM HUNTER

REMOVAL,

SIMON MOFFITT having removed his depot to SHERMAN STREET, about 8 rods South east from his former location, keeps constantly, a variety of Window Frames & Sashes,—glazed and unglazed; Blinds and Doors,—of various sizes.—He also manufactures Lock Sashes, of a superior kind, for strength and duribility.

☞ Having fitted up his shop in first rate order, he is able to turn out large or small JOBS with neatness and dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms. All those in want of such work, are respectfully invited to call and see for themselves.

N. B.—Building and Repairing particulary attended to.

Newport, Oct. 1, 1848.—tf.

MANTILLAS, Bischoffs Gro de Rhine, Coloured do, Turque Satins, Black Fringes, German Gimps, newly opened by

May 23.] F. LAWTON & BROTHERS.

TO LET,



A HOUSE in Pelham street, having a large kitchen, and two large cellars in the basement, and ten or eleven rooms on two floors ncluding a spacious hall, with a yard, rain water cistern, &c. For further particulars and terms, apply to DAVID MELVILL,

Frank Street.

Newport, March 3, 1849.—tf.

FOR SALE,

ALL the LAND late belonging to Nathan Stanton, situated near the Wind Mills, containing about 23 acres. Those wishing to purchase will call at No. 10 Market square.

GILBERT STANTON, } Assignees
JOB F. STANTON, }

Newport, April 7, 1849.—tf.

CLOTHING.

New Fashionable Styles for Spring.

OREGON

CLOTHING STORE

☞ *Next North of the Custom House.*

WE HAVE just completed manufacturing one of the most tastefully arranged stocks of Ready made Clothing ever offered to the public. Our stock is large and our goods all fresh and new, having been selected from the best Foreign and Home fabricks, at the LOWEST PRICES, which enables us to offer clothing at almost HALF THE USUAL COST. If those who are in want of Clothing will look through our stock, they will find

SPLENDID BARGAINS.

In addition to the above large stock of Clothing, we have purchased in Boston this week a very large assortment of Furnishing Goods, of every description, usually kept in a Clothing Store.

These goods shall be sold low for cash,
Coats of a hundred kinds we have,
Such ones we know would suit you well;
The most fastidious have bought,
And praised them high and so they ought.
We have on hand upward of 4000 pair of pants,
Of Doe Skins, Broadcloth and cassimere,
More kinds than we can tell you here,
There's not a form however poor,
To which they can't impart a cure.

CHILDRENS CLOTHING.

Such as Round Jackets, Sack Jackets, Sacks, Tunicks, small frocks, fancy caps, childrens belts.

TRUNKS, VALICES & CARPET BAGS.

An unusual large assortment bought in New York and Boston, which shall be sold at lower prices than ever offered.

HATS AND CAPS.

We have just received our spring styles of Hats and Caps of the latest patterns and made to our order and adapted in shapes and prices to the wishes of the purchaser and his pocket.

"Uneasy lies the head that wears the crown."

The most anxious and disturbed brain will be restored to perfect calmness by wearing one of our New York Hats. [Mch. 17.]

THE BALL IN MOTION!

A VOICE FROM THE OLD STAND—NOW IS THE TIME.

Grand distribution of Bargains.

CLOTHING

OF EVERY KIND, VERY CHEAP!

—AT THE—

☞ OLD STAND ☜

U. S. CLOTHING STORE,

No. **166** *Thames street.*

WHERE can be found a *new* and extensive assortment of MEN'S and BOY'S CLOTHING, *FURNISHING GOODS*, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES,—all of which are manufactured from the *best material* and in the latest style. Also, a large assortment of *TRUNKS*, which will be sold very cheap for cash. Don't forget the No. 166, (formerly 91,) a few doors south of Mill street, sign of the LARGE WINDOW.

Newport, April 21, 1849.—tf.

A Rare Chance to buy out a Variety Store.

WANTED a purchaser for the stock in Trade in store No. 144, corner of Thames and Frank streets, consisting of as great a variety as can be found in any establisament of the kind, consisting of Confectionary, Fruit, Preserves, Jelleys, Brandy Fruits, &c. &c., together with one of the best selected stocks of French, German, English and American Fancy Goods, Toys, &c. &c.

The above named Stock, together with the fixtures, such as glass counter, cases, glass jars, stands, soda works, marble counter, and a variety of store fixtures, &c., for carrying on the business; also, all the Copper Kettles and Tools for manufacturing Confectionary; also, Ice Cream Tubs, Moulds, Pyramids, &c., &c., for manufacturing Ice Creams &c., and about 125 tons of Ice, and a host of other articles too numerous to mention. For a more minute description, call and see.

To a cash customer, the above Stock, fixtures &c., will be sold at a bargain, as the subscriber intends changing his business, should he find a purchaser. For further information, apply on the premises.

The House and Store would be let to any one purchasing the above stock and fixtures.

June 9.] STACY.

Coal.—RED ASH COAL, for sale by GEO. BOWEN & CO.

NEW

FANCY GOODS

—AT THE—

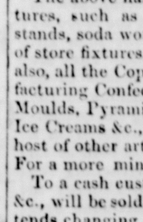
PARK SALOON.

JUST RECEIVED for Summer trade. Also, a splendid assortment of TOYS, rich and new, cheaper than ever, comprising in part, the following articles:—

A large variety of fancy baskets, Ladies' Work Boxes,—some very rich; card case portmantoes, scissors, pocket knives, canes, chess, gammon board, chequers, dice and domanoes. Also, a beautiful lot of Accordeons,—very cheap; bird cages and glasses, bird seed of all kinds. Also, the largest assortment of Dolls and Heads to be found in this State,—of every variety; hair, clothes, shaving, and shoe brushes, razors and strops. Perfumery and hair oils—of all kinds; pictures and frames; soaps,—and in fact every article that can be called for in this line.

A new lot of choice FLOWER SEEDS, just received by H. H. YOUNG,

Ap 28.] Park Saloon.



BONNETS! Bonnets!

A new and beautiful assortment of STRAW BONNETS, for sale cheap at No.

261 Thames street,

by A. SHERMAN.

Newport, May 12.

GLASS! GLASS!!

5 HUNDRED Boxes of French and American window and picture *GLASS*, double and single thickness sizes from 6 by 8 to 18 by 24 inches. It being the greatest selection and quantity ever introduced in this town, is now offered for sale at 20 per cent LESS than any other store in town, by the box or single panes. *ALSO*, all kinds of PAINTS, OIL, POT ASHES, &c., usually kept in a Paint store, at No. 29 Spring street. E. J. READ.

Newport, March 31, 1849.—1y.

BEDSTEADS.

A LARGE LOT of French Windlass Screw *BEDSTEADS*, a variety of patterns, just received from New York, on consignment to

W. F. & A. BARKER,

—DEALERS IN—

FURNITURE, FEATHERS, BEDS & MATTRESSES, WOOD & WILLOW WARE, BIRD CAGES, BRUSHES, BROOMS & MATTS, TRUNKS, VALICES, CARPET BAGS, &C. &C.

☞ A *fresh supply* of Goods just received at Nos. 155 & 159 (new numbers,) Thames street.

BEDS, MATTRESSES & CUSHIONS manufactured to order.

Newport, April 21, 1849.—tf.

COMMISSIONER'S & ADMINISTRATORS

NOTICE.

THE subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of Newport, commissioners to receive and examine the claims against the estate of

THOMAS PEABODY,

late of Newport, Housewright, dec., represented insolvent, hereby give public notice that six months from this date, are allowed the creditors of said estate to present and prove their claims, and that we will meet at the office of P. P. Remington, on the last Saturdays in October, November and December next at 2 o' clock P. M, for the purpose of examining and deciding on the said claims.

JAMES LAWTON, }
GEORGE FREEBORN, } Comm'rs.
HENRY TAGGART, }

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

PETER P. REMINGTON, Administrator.

June 9, 1849.

French's Hotel,

Corner Frankfort Street and City Hall Square,

Opposite the City Hall and Park Fountain,

NEW YORK,



WAS built and opened by the subscriber, May 1, 1849, who trusts that for convenience, elegance, comfort and economy, it cannot be surpassed in the world. It contains more rooms than any other Hotel on this continent, save one only, all of which are warmed gratis. They are all fitted up with marble-top washstands which are supplied with *Croton Water*, through silver plated cocks. There is but one bed in a room; the Halls and water closets on every floor will be lit with gas during the night. This Hotel is in the immediate vicinity of mercantile business and the principal places of amusement, and offers every inducement to those who consult convenience, elegance and economy, as the prices will be sufficiently moderate to suit any portion of the traveling public. There is a *Barber's Shop*, and an extensive range of *Bath Rooms* connected therewith. The Hotel will be conducted on the European plan of lodging rooms, and meals as they may be ordered in the spacious and *splendid Refectory*. Porters will be up during the night to admit lodgers, and also to call them at any time they may desire; and in no case will servants be permitted to exact or receive perquisites.

May 26, 1849.—1m] R. FRENCH.

Important Medical Notice of the Indian practice 1776.

BROWN'S so much celebrated Indian Medicines, which are composed of various kinds of roots, herbs, plants, &c., of which many are indigenous to foreign countries, and some in this, and which have performed some of the most wonderful cures in the world—being introduced into England and America, by Henry Aranighrbayo, the celebrated Indian Chief, now (deceased) of the far western regions. DR. BROWN, has travelled night and day, and spared no pains or money, to procure the best information by receipts &c., to alleviate the miseries of his fellow subjects, to which all more or less are higher. These medicines are more celebrated on account of their sovereign properties in acting on the bile—as it both promotes the digest on of our ailments, assists the circulation of the blood, and are calculated to help forward the glandular secretion in every part of the body. As a word to the wise will most always suffice, I think that every one must be sensible, what great things have been done and promised from quicksilver, tar-water, and many other quack pills, powders and elixirs, for the gravel, gout, dropsy, and various other diseases. But I positively declare unto the world of mankind, that if the advice I offer for their benefit be but carefully observed, and punctually put in practice, that many will not only receive great relief, but an entire exemption from the most obstinate and stubborn diseases.

MEDICAL LIST.

Indian Balsam of Life; Indian Syrup for worms, do. cordials or rector; do. pills; do. compound do; do. Bitters; do. Salves; Infant Cordials; Emetic powders; Female do; Family and Compound do; Physical do. &c., &c. For the growth and beautifying of the hair, use Dr. Browns Reclean Herb Extract, for sale by Mrs. Perry Brown, near Cottage street, on the Hill. All orders promptly attended to, and medicine sent to any part of the country. Dr. B. may be consulted every 4th Thursday as named above. Medical advice, 50 cents.

DR. BROWN'S Cholera Remedy,

FOR the Cholera in all its forms, such as Cholera Asiatic, Asphyzia infantum and Morbus. In such cases, no drestic pemolys should be given, but merely simple remedies of an alterative nature, very mild, because the disease has its seat in the organs of digestion and constitute the general derangement throughout.

N. B. All who try the above medicines will be able to witness their intrinsic virtue.

June 23] I. F. BROWN, *B.P.*

NOTICE.

MISS M. J. DINSMORE takes the opportunity to inform the people of Newport and its vicinity that her *Daguerrian Gallery* is now open in the House formerly occupied by Mr. George W. Stanhope, in Broad street, near the State House.—Her pictures are entirely free from that *dull, smoky* appearance discoverable in most Daguerreotypes, (the shades being a clear dark and light,) resembling a fine steel engraving. The *eye*, also, is perfectly bright, and clear, giving a more life-like expression to the picture. All who may be desirous of obtaining true copies of themselves or friends are invited to call and examine specimens. Recollect the number, (3 Broad st.)

TO LET

and possession given the first of July.

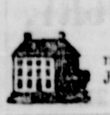


THE VERY PLEASANT and convenient House, and garden (already planted,) next south of the residence of the subscriber, at present occupied by Lieut. Stephen Cornell. For terms apply to

STEPHEN T. NORTHAM.

Newport, June 2, 1849.—tf.

TO LET,



THE COTTAGE in Kay st now occupied by the Rev. Hen Jackson. For terms &c., apply to SAMUEL ENGS.

Farm For Sale,



THAT VALUABLE and plea ant *FARM*, about three mil from Newport on the West ro leading to Bristol Ferry, in Mi dletown, containing about one hundred acres first quality and highly cultivated tillage lan with two good dwelling-houses, out kitche wood house, milk room, ice house, carriage hou and stable, crib, and several other small building The whole Farm is walled in from 3 to 8 acre in with two orchards, a large garden, and about a acre of land on the west shore below the fa bought for the purpose of taking sea-weed a sand for the use of the Farm. For terms of pa ment, which will be liberal, apply to

STEPHEN T. NORTHAM, in Newpo

Aug. 5, 1848.

Gentlemen's Hats and Caps, fo SPRING, 1849,



THE subscriber would inform friends and the public in general, t he has just received his Spring asso ment of HATS and CAPS, from N York and Boston, which for beauty of style finish, cannot be surpassed if equalled, in t town or State. *Also*, children's Caps of m than twenty different patterns, all of which be sold on the most reasonable terms

JACOB WEAVER,

Late *PARKER & WEAVE*

☞ PS Hats and Caps made to order.

Newport, April 7.—3m.

Court of Probate, Newport, holden, July 2, 18

AN Instrument in writing dated the 2d of August 1848, purporting to be the last and testament of

JONATHAN BAILEY,

late of Newport, dec., presented by Peter Remington, sole Executor named therein for Probate, and for letters testamentary to issue thereu

It is ordered that the same be received and consideration thereof referred to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in Newpo on the first Monday of August next, the 6th d of said month, at 9 o'clock, A. M., and notice ordered to be given thereof for 3 successive wee in the *Newport Mercury*, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and heard. B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Newport, holden July 2, 18

BENJAMIN MUMFORD, administrator of the estate of

THOMAS HUDSON,

late of Newport, Mariner, dec., presents his administration account on said estate for allowan and for an order of distribution for the balance the heirs at law, which account *contains a cr for sale of the Real estate of said Thomas Hudso* made by the Administrator. The same

Is read and referred for consideration to Court of Probate, to be holden at the Town Ha in Newport, on the first Monday in August nex the 6th day of said month, at 9 o'clock, a. m., a notice is ordered to be given by advertisem for three successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, that all persons interested may appear said time and place, and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Newport, holden July 2, 184

APPLICATION is made by Harriet Pearce th she or some other suitable person may be a pointed administrator on the estate of

DUTEE J. PEARCE,

Esq., late of Newport, dec. intestate,

The consideration thereof is referred to a Co of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in Ne port, on the first Monday in August next, the 6t day of said month, at 9 o'clock, A. M., and n tice is ordered to be given thereof, by advertis ment 3 successive weeks, in the *Newport Mercu* that all persons interested may appear at said tim and place, and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

THE subscribers having been appointed by th Court of Probate of the town of Newport Commissioners to receive and examine the claim against the estate of

DANIEL BURDICK,

late of Newport, Mariner, dec., represented in solvent, hereby give public notice that 6 month from this date, are allowed the creditors of sai estate to present and prove their respective claim and we will meet at the office of D. G. Cook, o the last Thursdays of September, October an November next at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the pur pose of examining and deciding on said claims.

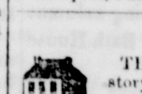
CHARLES DEVENS, }
CHARLES E. HAMMETT, } Commissioners
DAVID G. COOK, }

All persons indebted to said estate are request ed to make immediate payment to

MARGARET D. BURDICK, Administratrix

Newport, June 4, 1849.

TO LET.

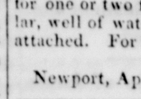


THE LARGE and convenient tw story House, pleasantly situated at th corner of Caleb Earl street, near th head of Broad street, well arrange for one or two families: with wood-houses, cel lar, well of water, and every other convenienc attached. For terms apply to

WM. D. STEWART,

Newport, April 28.] Broad street

House To Let for Summer Residence.



THE subscriber will let his house, furnished, for the season. Said house is situated on Touro street, and contains 13 rooms, besides a good basement cellar, garden, &c. Possession will be given the first of July or sooner if desired. Apply to

M. HALL or W. H. CRANSTON

Newport, March 10.—tf.

Marine and Fire Insurance

THE American Insurance Company, Providence, R. I., continue to Insure against *LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE*, on Cotton, Woolen and other Manufactories, Buildings, and Merchandize and also against *MARINE RISKS* on favorable terms. The capital stock

$150,000

ALL PAID IN, AND WELL INVESTED.

☞ DIRECTORS ELECTED JUNE 9, 1847.

William Rhodes, Robert R. Stafford, Amos D Smith, Resolved Waterman, Shubael Hutchins, Ebenezer Kelly, Nathaniel Bishop, George S. Rathbone, Caleb Harris, T D. Bowen, Walker Humphrey, Allen O. Peck, and Samuel B. Tobey.

Persons wishing for Insurance are requested to direct their applications, (which should be accompanied with a particular description of the property,) per mail, to the President or Secretary of the Company, and the same will meet with prompt attention.

Applications for Insurance may be made in Newport to GEORGE BOWEN, *Agent.*

ALLEN O. PECK, *President*

WALKER HUMPHREY, *Secretary.*

American Insurance Co.'s }
Office, June 9, 1847. }